RECD EPA/OPP/DPD1

### The SOLARIS Group of Monsanto Co. P. O. Box 5006 San Ramon, Calif. 94583-0906

'96 JUN 10 P4:24

Submitted To Support The Registration of ROUNDUP \* Rainfast Concentrate Weed & Grass Killer EPA Reg. No. 239- EAL Co.

#### TITLE

#### CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby certify that, for purposes of FIFRA, sec. 12(a)(1)(C), the description of the composition of ROUNDUP ® Rainfast Concentrate Weed & Grass Killer, EPA Reg. No. 239-, refers to the composition set forth on the Statement of Formula and supporting materials. This description includes the representations that:

- 1. no ingredient will be present in the product in an amount greater than upper certified limit or in an amount less than the lower certified limit (if required) specified for that ingredient in a currently approved Statement of Formula (or as calculated by the Agency); and,
- 2. if the Agency requires that the source of supply of an ingredient be specified, that all quantities of such ingredient will be obtained from the source specified in the Statement of Formula.

Сотралу:

The SOLARIS Group of Monsanto Co.

Company Agent:

J. L. Coltharp

Title:

Manager, Product Research

Date:

6-4-96

Signature:

53



# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

NOV 20 11

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13<sup>th</sup> Street, N.W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: Roundup Ultra Herbicide (Alternate Confidential Statement of Formula D) EPA Registration No. 524-475 Your Application Dated June 25, 2002

The scientific review and evaluation of the confidential statements of formula (CSF) submitted above have been completed. The basic CSF, previously approved alternate CSFs A, B, and C, and proposed alternate CSF D are acceptable this time only. For future revisions submit all possible combinations. Zero certified limit for intentionally added inerts will not be permitted in the future.

Sincerely,

James A. Tompkins
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

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Name Dr. Marsha Gray		Title Manager,	Regulatory Affairs		1	•	Nn. (Inclide Area C	Code)
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2. Signature	Matte	3. Tide Manager, F	Registration					
4. Typed Name Stephen J. Wratten		5. Date	- 1, 200	2	<del></del>		5	



MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

June 25, 2002

Office of Pesticide Programs
Document Processing Center (AMEND)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins (7505C)

Team Leader (25)

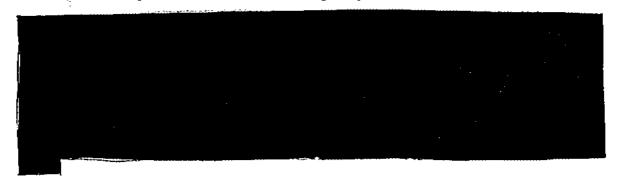
Subject:

Roundup Ultra®and Roundup Pro® Herbicides (EPA Reg. No. 524-475)

Amendment of Confidential Statement of Formula

#### Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Roundup Ultra Herbicide and the associated brand names under EPA Reg. No. 524-475 presently have one basic and three alternate Confidential Statements of Formula, identified by Monsanto MON number codes as MON 77360 and MON 78536. These were last approved on 10-Dec-2001. Conceptually, these represent two levels of surfactant loading prepared either from the 62% Manufacturing Use or the 54% Manufacturing Use products.



Therefore, in summary the following five CSFs are enclosed for Agency review and approval-

CSF	MON Number	Surfactant Level	Ingredient source	Status
Basic	77360	14.5%	524-333	Approved

Alt A	77360	14.5%	524-530	Approved
Alt B	78536		524-333	Approved
Alt C	78536		524-530	Approved
Alt D	78473		524-333	Proposed

I emphasize that the composition of the products described by the "Basic", "Alternate A", "Alternate B", "Alternate C" CSFs are absolutely identical to that already approved, other than the date change. The only amendment is to add "Alternate D".

We request the Agency's indulgence regarding the zero lower certified limit issue for the Basic and Alternates A, B, and C CSFs for the defoamer and dye components. Monsanto wishes to have the option to include or not these very minor ingredients as business and handling requirements dictate. If EPA were to rigidly require non-zero LCLs in all these cases while retaining the present flexibility, it would require 17 separate alternate CSFs to cover all the potential combinations. By simply re-approving the existing four CSF formats with the se minor zero LCLs, the confusing amount of paper is considerably reduced to five alternates.

Baredon communication with Landau Temphero an Illegon will allow years.

Once approved, these five CSFs will supersede all others for EPA Reg. No. 524-475.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

Ultra CSF MON 78473.doc



# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

0CT - 9 2002

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Annette M. Kirk Monsanto Company 600 13<sup>th</sup> Street, N. W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Ms Kirk:

Subject: Roundup Pro Herbicide (Seed Production of Roundup Ready Creeping Bentgrass)
EPA Registration No. 524-475
Your Application Dated August 8,, 2002

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable. A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records.

Supplemental labeling must be incorporated into a master label and copies of master labeling submitted to the Agency for our files at your next printing or within two (2) years from the date of acceptance of supplemental label, whichever comes first. The Agency will consider a convincing argument as to why a supplemental label should not appear on a master label on a case by case basis.

Sincerely,

James A. Tompkins
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

## SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

# READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP PRO® HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup Pro Herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

# Roundup PRO

Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

Roundup PRO and Roundup Ready are registered trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

# USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF CREEPING BENTGRASS WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

Keep out of reach of children.

## CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal taw to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, OTHER THAN CREEPING BENTGRASS WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for Roundup PRO herbicide for essential product performance information.

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CREEPING BENTGRASS IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF CREEPING BENTGRASS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF CREEPING BENTGRASS WILL RESULT IF CREEPING BENTGRASS VARIETIES WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

#### **USE RECOMMENDATIONS**

Application timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass from the three-leaf stage to harvest of seed. To maximize seed quality, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant creeping bentgrass, and control or suppress most annual and perennial weeds in seed production fields of creeping bentgrass containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply 32 to 96 fluid

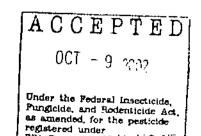
ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. Higher rates in the range should be used only after full tillering of the turfgrass has occurred. Subsequent applications may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant creeping bentgrass plants, early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as *Poa annua*, crabgrass, tall fescue, bermudagrass and quackgrass.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "Annual Weeds" and Perennial Weeds" tables in the label booklet for Roundup Pro herbicide.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 8 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON. Treated Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass or the resulting seed may not be used for food or feed. Do NOT feed or graze treated Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass. Do NOT process treated Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass or resulting seed for food or feed.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet for Roundup PRO herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

©2002 MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167



BPA Reg. No 5

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Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.	Form Apr	proved. OMB No. 2070-0	060			
United Sta  Environmental Prote Washington, DO	ction Agency	Registration X Amendmen Other	OPP Identifier Number			
Applic	ation for Pesticide - Se	ction (				
1. Company/Product Number 524-475		2. EPA Product Manager 3. Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins				
4. Company/Product (Narna) Roundup Pro Herbicide	<b>PM#</b> 25					
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)  Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005  Check if this is a new address	(b)(i), my product to:	t is similar or identical in	with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) in composition and labeling			
	Section - II					
Amendment - Explain below.  Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated  Notification - Explain below.	Agency is "Me Too"	Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application.  Other - Explain below.				
Supplemental label for seed product	Section - III	Creeping Bentgra	ss			
Material This Product Will Be Packaged in:	9500011 * 111					
Child-Resistant Packaging  Yes  No  * Certification must: be submitted  Unit Packaging  Ves  No  If "Yes"  Unit Packaging wgt.		Gla Per	tal 8U¢ 88			
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s	:) Retail Container	5. Location of Label Dir	rections			
]	ithogreph Oth	ner				
	Section - IV	<del>*************************************</del>				
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identifi-	ication of individual to be contacted	d, if necessary, to process	this application.)			
Name Dr. Marsha Gray Title Registration Manager (202) 783-2460						
I certify that the statements I have made on this form	Certification  I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete.  I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.  6. Date Application Received  (Stamped)					
2. Signature Annette M. Kirk	3. Title Registration	Manager				
4. Typed Name Annette M. Kirk	5. Data August 8	5. Data August 8, 2002				

White - FPA File Conv. Indicinals

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

#### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to everage 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)]:
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Examption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling:
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label, if prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on £ x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION 1 - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed lebeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types, indicate the size of the individual packats and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product,
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Salf-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.

63

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 600
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

August 8, 2002

#### Hand Delivered

Office of Pesticide Programs
Document Processing Center (AMEND)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins (7505C)

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup Pro® Herbicide; EPA Reg. No. 524-475

Supplemental Label for Seed Production of Roundup Ready® Creeping

Bentgrass

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Enclosed for Agency review and approval is a supplemental label for the use of Roundup Pro Herbicide in the production of Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass seed. This use is needed as a quality control to ensure that Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass seed will be free of any non-glyphosate-tolerant seeds. The label submitted here is intended to be utilized during the "precommercial" period when the Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass is regulated under USDA APHIS. Once deregulated status has been granted by USDA, this label would no longer be needed and would be replaced by the more detailed supplemental label for this use, also on Roundup Pro herbicide, currently pending approval at the Agency.

Monsanto is working on the development of this technology jointly with our seed company partner, Scotts Corporation. Once approved, this label will be distributed by Monsanto only to the limited number of licensed cooperators of Monsanto and Scotts who will grow Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass seed. Through our agreement, Monsanto and Scotts will have complete control over the plant material and the seed at all times.

The current plan is to begin planting seed production acres this fall in the state of Oregon. Very recently, a Control Area Order was approved by the Secretary of Agriculture for the Oregon State Dept. of Ag and signed by the governor of Oregon. The order is approved for an 11,000 acre site in Jefferson County, OR, that is approximately 100 miles to the east of the Willamette valley where most of the conventional turf seed varieties are produced today. Within the control area, only bentgrass varieties that have been developed through the use of biotechnology may be grown to the exclusion of conventional bentgrass varieties, and biotechnology-derived bentgrass

Roundup Ready Creeping Bentgrass Pre-commercial Seed Production Page - 2 -

varieties cannot be grown at any other sites in Oregon. The Order specifies numerous stewardship activities directed at preventing the adventitious release of Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass.

Monsanto and Scotts are estimating that approximately 500 acres of seed production will be planted in the control area early this fall, and up to an additional 500 acres in 2003. All acres of Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass will be planted under permits granted through USDA APHIS and will be maintained according to USDA APHIS Performance Standards and requirements for isolation and security. Thus, none of the potential feed items, such as grass forage, straw or seed screenings will enter the U.S. feed supply. Related restrictions that are consistent with APHIS permitting and Performance Standards have been added to the submitted label.

The submitted supplemental label would allow the over-the-top applications to Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass to ensure that any non-glyphosate-tolerant plants are destroyed prior to seed formation. No Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass seed will be sold before the commercial use labels are approved and available.

Similar labels have been approved previously for other Roundup brand products for Roundup Ready soybean, cotton, canola, sugar beet, lettuce, rice, wheat and alfalfa. Although there are no food commodities and realistically no important animal feed commodities coming from the seed production of Roundup Ready creeping bentgrass, Monsanto would nevertheless like to provide this label to the licensed growers during this pre-commercialization period. Monsanto requests that the Agency approve the proposed label in time for planting this fall, which is expected to begin as early as September.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Mursha C. Gray at 202-383-2886 or directly at 314-694-8890 or by email at annette.m.kirk@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Annette M. Kirk Registration Manager

Annetty M. Kark

cc:

M.C. Gray D. Fee-White



# PPIS Deficiency Notice

PM N	UMBER: <u>25</u>	REGISTRATION NUMBER:	524	475
Transf	erred from: Karen Garne	Date Proces	ssed: 12/	3/02
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# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OCT - 9 2002

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13<sup>th</sup> Street, N. W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: Roundup Ultra Herbicide (Revise Master Label to Include Revised Pastures, Rangeland, and Forage Legumes)

EPA Registration No. 524-475

Your Application Dated June 3, 2002

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under section 3 (c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), is acceptable provided that you:

- 1. Submit/cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling.
- a. On pages 6 and 90 under "Environmental Hazards" revise your second sentence to read "Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.
- b. On pages 13 & 95 under Swath Adjustment revise "downward" to read "downwind".
- c. On page 29 under Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops, Types of Applications, change "Spot Ttreatments" to "Spot Treatments".
- d. On page 37 under Renovation (Rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, revise the sentence "For any crop not listed not listed in the "Crops" section of this label, application must be made at least 30 days pior to planting." to read "For any crop not listed in the "Crops" section of the label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting."
- 3. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Amended labeling supercedes all previously accepted ones. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

Vulnu kulatta James A. Tompkins Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

## MASTER LABEL FOR EPA REG. NO. 524-475

Registered Brand Names:

# ROUNDUP ULTRA HERBICIDE ROUNDUP ULTRA RT HERBICIDE ROUNDUP PRO HERBICIDE ROUNDUP ORIGINAL II CA MON 77360 HERBICIDE ROUNDUP W HERBICIDE Gly 41 Herbicide

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<sup>\*\*</sup>See each label part for more detailed table of contents\*\*

## [INSERT BRAND NAME]

Herbicide

#### Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready® Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

Transorb<sup>TM</sup>

A member of the Roundup Family of Herbicides by Monsanto

"The President's Green Chemistry Award was presented in 1996 to Monsanto for its innovative "zero-waste" process in the manufacture of Roundup Herbicide."

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

Refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. IT IS INTENDED THAT REPACKAGING BE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH A MONSANTO REPACKAGING OR TOLL REPACKAGING AGREEMENT.

Non-refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING.

Roundup W Herbicide Container Label Statement: FOR REPACKAGING INTO HERBICIDES ONLY.

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#### 1.0 INGREDIENTS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt	.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 59.	
100.	.0%

\*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

#### 2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE.

1-800-332-3111

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT,

(314)-694-4000

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### 3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

#### CAUTION!

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing

# ACCEPTED

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Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No 574-475

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>
***************************************	HOT LINE NUMBER
treatment. This	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for product is identified as [[INSERT BRAND NAME], EPA Registration No. 524-475. You t (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the

animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### 3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### 3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves greater than 14 mils in thickness composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber, shoes plus socks.

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

#### 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

#### Container Label Statements:

#### (FOR REFILLABLE PORTABLE CONTAINERS)

Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid Monsanto Repackaging or Toll Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### (FOR BULK CONTAINERS)

Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a manner approved by state and local authorities.

#### (FOR PLASTIC 1-WAY CONTAINERS & BOTTLES)

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill. or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### (FOR DRUMS)

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanto container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### 5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

**Product Description:** This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

**OPTIONAL STATEMENT:** No additional surfactant in the spray solution is needed or recommended. This includes additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed.

Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

**Spray Coverage:** For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 8 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

#### 6.0 MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

**NOTE:** REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

#### 6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

#### 6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "TANK MIXING" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

#### 6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

#### **Spray Solution**

#### Amount of [INSERT BRAND NAME]

Desired Volume	1/2%	1%	1 1/2%	2%	5%	10%
l gal ·	2/3 oz	1-1/3 oz	2 oz	2-2/3 oz	6-1/2 oz	13 oz
25 gal	l pt	l qt	1-1/2 qt	2 qt	5 qt	l0 qt
100 ga!	2 qt	l gal	1-1/2 gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

Master Label 524-475 Page 10 of 134 Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED

#### 6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

**NOTE:** When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

#### 6.5 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### 6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

#### 7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial--Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray--Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment--Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

\*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment--Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems--Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)--Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

#### 7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 1 quart per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

#### AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

#### Importance of droplet size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label).

#### Controlling droplet size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size
  and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles
  instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will
  produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet
  size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

- Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the
  largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height
  that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE**: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### Temperature inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

#### Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

#### 7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

#### 7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

#### 7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

#### AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

#### Recirculating spray system

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

#### Shielded and hooded applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. When

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applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

#### Wiper applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedles and bristly starbur; and SUPPRESSES many weeds including Florida beggarweed, Bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, dogfennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverleaf nightshade, redroot pigweed, giant ragweed, smutgrass, sunflower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators--Mix 1 gallon of this product with 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 percent solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed above in this section.

For Panel Applicators--Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators.

#### 7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

#### 7.6 CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow-rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 miles per hour (2 to 4 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

#### 8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

#### TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:

Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row Middles, Wiper Applications in Row Middles, and Post-Harvest Treatments.

#### GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 8 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE"

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EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

#### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

#### 8.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except rice), Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Feed Barley and Wheat Only), Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only).

#### Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Red rice control prior to planting rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

#### Spot Treatment (except rice)

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in feed barley and wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

#### Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat or feed barley. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2.4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

#### 8.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field corn, Seed corn, Silage corn, Sweet corn and Popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Preharvest. For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

#### Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.



TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2.4-D Degree Xtra® Harness Xtra 5.6L Aim Distinct<sup>TM</sup> Lariat® Dual Magnum™ Lasso®/Alachlor Atrazine Axiom™ Linex™/Lorox™ Dual II Magnum™ Balance<sup>™</sup> Еріс™ Marksman™ Banvel™/Clarity™ Frontier™/Outlook™ Micro-Tech® Fultime™ Prowl<sup>TM</sup> Bicep Magnum™ Guardsman™/Leadoff™ Bicep II Magnum™ Python<sup>TM</sup> Bullet® Harness® Simazine

Harness Xtra

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Topnotch™

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

#### **Hooded sprayers**

Degree®

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for each application and no more than 3 quarts per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

#### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 2 quarts of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

#### 8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective equipment. Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

#### Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Hooded sprayer, Selective equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

#### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre.

Up to 2 quarts of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

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TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEF™ 6, Folex™, Ginstar, or Prep™ to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may OCCUP. THE USE OF ADDITIVES, OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ON THIS LABEL. FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED.

#### 8.4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

#### Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2.4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 2 quarts per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

## **Preplant Fallow Beds**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and" WOODY BRUSH TABLE" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal<sup>TM</sup> 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3" -- common cheeseweed. chickweed, groundsel; 6" -- London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" -- common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (Conyca canadensis), 12" -- chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

#### Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxfail. Apply 12 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least'l day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

## 8.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

Atrazine

Lariat

Bicep II Magnum

Lasso

Bullet

Micro-Tech

Dual II Magnum

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

## Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

## Hooded sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. If such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not

intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre per application and no more than 3 quarts per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California

#### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply I quart of this product per acre for control, or 1.5 pints of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

#### 8.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried). Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenngreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint Only), Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

PRECAUTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. For some crops below, it is recommended to make applications 3 days before transplanting or planting.

## Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized

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spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

#### 8.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Prowl may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

## 8.8 Soybeans

**TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:** Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: spot treatment, preharvest, selective equipment.

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Aim <sup>™</sup>	Dual II Magnum	Micro-Tech
Amplify™	Firstrate™	Prowl
Assure II™	Flexstar™	Pursuit™
Authority™	Frontier™/Outlook™	Pursuit Plus
Boundary™	Fusion™	Reflex™
Сапору™	Gauntlet™	Scepter <sup>TM</sup>
Canopy XI. ™	Lasso	Sencor™/Lexone™
Command™	Linex <sup>TM</sup>	Squadron™
Command Xtra™	Lorox/Linuron	Steel™
Domain™	Lorox Plus™	Valor™
Dual Magnum		

This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and planting.

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

## Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES". This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 5 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 2 quarts per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 1 quart per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

## Selective equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

## 8.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

#### Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

#### Fallow treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 3 quarts per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

#### Hooded sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

## 8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row Middles, Wiper Applications in Row Middles, and Post-Harvest, Directed Applications (Non-Bearing Ginseng), Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas Only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops

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with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

## 8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

## 8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

#### 8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), *Momordica spp* (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini). Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acom squash, spaghetti squash). Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

## 8.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Comsalad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.

## 8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

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LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (*Physalis spp*), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles are not recommended.

# 8.10.6 Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (*Lupinus*: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (*Phaseolus*: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap



bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

## 8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam.

#### Directed applications (Non-Bearing Ginseng Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

#### Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used over-the-top of rutabagas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas.

## 8.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar beet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General weed control, Site preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus).

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

## General weed control, site preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

#### Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

#### Post-Harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS: RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

# 9.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes), Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Ttreatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

# GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 1 pint to 5 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 10.6 quarts per acre per year.

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The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

#### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS:

Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

#### Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits; tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 16 to 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed. London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail (Conyza canadensis), stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 16 to 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane (Conyza bonariensis) with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

#### Strips (in rows of trees, vines or bushes)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following products:

Devrinol™ 50 DFSimazine 4LDirex™ 4LSimazine 80WGoal 2XLSim-Trol™ 4LKarmex DFSolicam™ DFKrovar ISurflan™ ASProwlSurflan 75W

Princep Caliber ™90

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

## Perennial Grass Suppression



This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 6 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 6 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

## Cut Stump (Tree crops)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

Citrus Trees: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor.

Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince.

Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut). Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP.

INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

#### 9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (black, red), Salai.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

#### Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 2 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within I day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

## Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.5 to 1 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

9.2 Citrus

LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas): For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 2 quarts per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 3 quarts per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar<sup>TM</sup> I or Karmex<sup>TM</sup> may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

#### Perennial weeds:

S = Suppression	B = Burndown
PC = Partial control	C = Control
WEED	[INSERT BRAND NAME RATE PER ACRE
SPECIES	1 QT 2 QT 3 QT 5 QT
Bermudagrass Guineagrass	B PC C
Texas and Florida Ridge Florida Flatwoods	B C C C
Paragrass	B C C C
Torpedograss	S PC C

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

#### 9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

#### 9.4 Non-Food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other Non-Food Tree Crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

## Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the



spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES.

#### Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to planting non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect non-target plants during site preparation applications.

#### 9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

#### 9.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

## Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in this section may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in this section may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Okiahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi. North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

#### 9.7 Tree Nuts

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Betelnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

UNMARKED

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

## 9.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (Banana Only).

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

#### Bananacide (Banana Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1/2 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

#### 9.9 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine) Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

#### 10.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

#### 10.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting, Spot Treatment (alfalfa and clover Only), Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover Only), Renovation, Preharvest (Alfalfa Only).

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 2 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 2 quarts per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

## Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in alfalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

## Preharvest (Alfalfa Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

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#### Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 2 quarts per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 2 quarts per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

## 10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Posternergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications.

## Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations. For any crop not listed not listed in the "CROPS" sections of this label, applications must be made at least 30 days pior to planting.

## Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. Do not apply more than 3 quarts per acre per year onto CRP grasses.

#### 10.3 Grass or Turfgrass Seed Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS".

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site preparation, Shielded sprayers, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

#### Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts

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per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### Shielded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

#### Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

#### Spot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1- to 1.5-percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS: RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

#### Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS: RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

#### 10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS". Including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuyugrass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Postemergent Broadcast.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatments or wiper application methods using rates of 3 quarts per acre or less, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated. When spot treatments or wiper application are made using rates above 3 quarts per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total pasture may be treated at any one time. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

## Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### 10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product. Do not apply more than 3 quarts per acre per year.

## Postemergence

Apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

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## 10.6 Turf Grass Sod Production

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatments.

## Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Desirable turf grasses may be planted following the above procedures.

## PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and livestock feeding or grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing treated turfgrass. Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

#### Spot Treatments

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turf grass.

## 11.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative: Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Roundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively controlling weeds using glyphosate on a Roundup Ready crop, are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene

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and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

<u>For ground applications</u> with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

<u>For aerial applications</u> apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aerial Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARMSOURCE™.com.

**ATTENTION:** AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

<u>See the "MIXING and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES"</u> sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burndown treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

## 11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-Crop).

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DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTION FOR USE.

## Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting applications

2 quarts per acre

Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage

2 quarts per acre

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting canola.

#### Postemergence (In-Crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied posternergence to Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application - Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 16 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

<u>Sequential Application</u> - Apply 32 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

## 11.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-Crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for all applications

8 quarts per acre

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting applications 5 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from emergence through the V8 2 quarts per acre stage or 30 inches

Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting com.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra, Lasso or Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any preemergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

#### Postemergence (in-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 24 to 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence in-crop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on this label. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 24 to 32 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra

Tank-mix Partner	Maximum Height Of Corn For Application
Degree	11 inches
Degree Xtra	1
Harness	ļ l
Harness Xtra	1
Harness Xtra 5.6L	
Bullet*	5 inches
Micro-Tech*	
Permit	30 inches
atrazine	12 inches

\*Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed I quart per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 2 quarts per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 1 quart per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

#### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

## 11.3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (Over-the-Top), Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Pe	r Season	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre	
Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting applications	5 quarts per acre	
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	4 quarts per acre	
Maximum preharvest application rate	2 quarts per acre	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 6 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

# Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

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#### Postemergence (Over-the-Top)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. One quart per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top applications or as a post-directed treatments sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

## Selective equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

## Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 2 quarts of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEF™ 6, Folex™, Ginstar, or Prep™. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of these harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. THE USE OF ADDITIVES, OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ON THIS LABEL, FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN

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WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

## 11.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-Crop), Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTION FOR USE.

Per Season
8 quarts per acre
5 quarts per acre
3 quarts per acre
1 quart per acre

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.

## Postemergence (In-Crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 1 quart per acre on 2- to 8-inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 2 quarts per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 1- to 2-quarts per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem multy. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that I quart per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

**NOTE:** The use of this product for in-crop applications over Roundup Ready soybeans is not registered in California.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 2 quarts per acre.

#### Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 1 quart per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

#### Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

## 11.5 Sugar Beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-Crop).

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season					
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre				
Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting applications	5 quarts per acre				
Emergence to 8-leaf stage	2.5 quarts per acre				
Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	2 quarts per acre				

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 4.5 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 1.5 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 1 quart per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

## Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

## Postemergence (In-Crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence to 30 days prior to hatvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for

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specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress, most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

#### 12.0 NON-CROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General non-selective weed control, trim-and-edge, greenhouse/shadehouse, chemical mowing, cut stumps, habitat management.

## 12.1 General Weed Control and Trim-And-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 1 quart per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 2 quarts per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 2 to 5 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

Arsenal Banvel/Clarity Barricade 65WG

Endurance Escort Karmex DF Krovar I DF

Digron

Oust

Pendulum 3.3 EC Pendulum WDG Plateau Princep DF Princep Liquid Ronstar 50 WP

Sahara Simazine Surflan Telar Vanquish 2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

## 12.2 Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

## 12.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

## 12.4 Cut Stumps

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion

Alder
Eucalyptus
Madrone
Oak
Pepper, brazifian
Pine, Austrian

Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

## 12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habitat restoration and maintenance, Wildlife food plots.

## Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broadspectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

## Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

13.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

# WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOMMENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they'are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

This product may be used up to 48 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

#### ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

WEED				RATE	<b>DAT 00-</b>	<b>.</b>		
SPECIES		16 Maxi	24	(fluid ounces per acre) 24 32 40 mum height/length (in inch		48		
Ammannia, purple		3	6	12		18		
Annoda, spurred	·	-	2	3	5	8	-	
Barley		18	18 +	-	-	<u>-</u>		
Barnyardgrass	-	-	3	6	7	9		
Bassia, fivehook		-	-	6	-	-		
Beggarweed, Florida			5	8	-	-		
Bittercress		12	20	-	-	-		
Bluegrass, annual		10	-		-	-		
Bluegrass, bulbous	٠.	6	-	-	-	-		
Brome, downy 1,2		6	12	-	-	-		
Brome, Japanese	,	6	12	24	-	-		
Browntop panicum		6	8	12	-	24		
Buckwheat, wild 3		-	i	2	-	-		
Burcucumber		-	6	12	-	18 .		
Buttercup		12	20	_	-	-		
· Carolina geranium	,	-	-	4	-	9		
Carpetweed		-	6	12	-	-		

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Cheat <sup>2</sup>	6	20	-		-
Chervil	20	-	-	-	-
Chickweed	• -	12	18		-
Cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2	4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2	4	-	6
Coreopsis, plains	-	6	12	-	18
Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	-	-
Corn speedwell	12	-	_=	-	-
Crabgrass	. 3	6	12	-	-
Crowfootgrass	-	-	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	-	-	3	-	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	-	3	6	-	-
Dwarfdandelion	12	-	-	-	7
Eastern mannagrass	. 8	12	-	-	-
Eclipta	-	4	8	12	-
Fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
Falsedandelion	-	20	-	-	-
Falseflax, smallseed	12	-	- ,	-	-
Fiddleneck	-	6	12	-	-
Field pennycress	. 6	12	-	-	-
Filaree	<del>-</del>	-	6	-	12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	-
Fleabane, hairy (Conyzą bonariensis)		-	6	-	10
Fleabane, rough	. 3	6	12	-	-
Florida pusley	-	-	4	-	6
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	-	-

Foxtail, Carolina	10	-	-		٠.
Foxtail, green	12	-	-	<del>-</del>	-
Goatgrass, jointed	6	12	-	-	-
Goosegrass	-	3	6	-	12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	-	-
Groundcherry	<b>.</b>	3	6		9
Groundsel, common	-	6	10	-	-
Hemp sesbania	·	2	4	6	8
Henbit	-	-	6	-	12
Horseweed/ Marestail (Conyza canadensis)		6	12	-	. 18
Itchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
Jimsonweed	-	-	12	-	18
Johnsongrass, seedling	6	12	18	-	24
Junglerice		3	6	7	9
Knotweed	-	-	6	-	12
Kochia	-	3 to 6	12	-	-
Lambsquarters	-	6	12	-	20
Little barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6	-	24	-	-
Mayweed	-	2	6	12	18
Morningglory, annual (Ipomoea spp)	-	-	3 .	-	6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, tansy	6	12	18	-	+
Mustard, tumble	6	12	18	-	<b>.</b>
Mustard, wild	.6	12	18	-	-
Nightshade, black	~	4	6	-	12.
Nightshade, hairy	-	4	6	-	12

Oats	3	6	18	-	٠ -
Pigweed species	•	12	18	24	-
Prickly lettuce	-	6	12	-	-
Purslane	-	-	3	-	6
Ragweed, common	-	6	12	-	18
Ragweed, giant	-	6	12	-	18
Red rice	-	-	4	-	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal <sup>2</sup>	6	18	18 +	-	-
Ryegrass	-	-	6	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	-	-	-
Shattercane	6	12	20	-	-
Shepherd's-purse	6	12	-	-	-
Sicklepod	-	2	4	-	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6	-	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	•	-	6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	-	-	6	-	12
Spanishneedles	•	-	6		12
Speedwell, purslane	12	-	-	-	-
Sprangletop	6	12	20		-
Spurge, prostrate	-	6	12	-	
Spurge, spotted	-	6	12	-	-
Spurry, umbrella	6	-	-	<u>-</u> .	-
Stinkgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Sunflower	12	18	<b>-</b> .	-	-
Swinecress	-	5	12	-	-
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	-	2	4	-	6

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Texas panicum	6	8	ſ2	<u>:</u>	24
Thistle, Russian <sup>5</sup>		6	12	-	-
Velvetleaf	-	-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed	-	18	-	-	-
Waterhemp	-	-	6	-	12
Wheat <sup>2</sup>	6	12	18		-
Wheat, (overwintered)	-	6	12	<u>-</u> ·	18
Wild oats	3	6 .	18	-	-
Wild proso millet	<u>:</u>	6	12	-	18
Witchgrass	<b>-</b>	12	•	-	-
Woolly cupgrass	-	6	12	•	-
Yellow rocket		12	20		-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 24 fluid ounces per acre.

## 13.1 Annual Weeds -- Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 1.5 quarts per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 2 quarts per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

## 13.2 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba or Tordon 22K

12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/4 pound of dicamba or 1/2 pound of 2,4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" -- prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morning glory, kochia (dicamba only) wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12" -- cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Use 24 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 32 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 32 fluid ounces followed by 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba'or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

## 13.3 Annual Weeds - Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE", apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution.

For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 5 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5 to 10 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

## 13.4 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

24 to 28 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 28 ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 1/8 pound of dicamba for control).

# 14.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

Weed Specie	es	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution	
Alfalfa		1 - 2	3 - 10	2%	

Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.

Alligatorweed

4

3 - 20

1.5%

For partial control, apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Anise (fennel)

--

1 - 2%

Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

Bahiagrass

3 - 5

3 - 20

2%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Bentgrass

1.5

10 - 20

2%

For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

Bermudagrass

3 - 5

3 - 20

2%

For control, apply 5 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 3 quarts per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

Bermudagrass,

water (knotgrass)

1 - 1.5

5 - 10

2%

Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.

Bindweed, field

0.5 - 5

3 - 20

2%

Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 1/2 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pound of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky

1 - 2

3 - 40

2%

Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas

3 - 5

3 - 40

2%

Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Brackenfern

3 - 4

3 - 40

1 - 1.5%

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Bromegrass, smooth

1 - 2

3 - 40

2%

Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage, woolly-leaf

3 - 20

2%

For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus ½ pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 1 quart of this product plus ½ pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass, reed

2 - 3

3 - 40

2%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

Cattail

3 - 5

3 - 40

2%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Clover; red or white 3 - 202 % Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage. Also for control, apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product plus I/2 to 1 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. 3 - 5 10 - 40 Cogongrass 2% Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Dallisgrass 3 - 53 - 202% Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage. Dandelion 3 - 5 3 - 402% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per 2% 3 - 5 3 - 40Dock, curly -Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 to 1 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. 3 - 40 2% Dogbane, hemp Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred. 2% Fescue (except tall) 3 - 5 3 - 20Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage. 2% 1 - 33 - 40Fescue, tall Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 1 pint per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.

Guineagrass 2 - 3 3 - 401% Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 2 quarts for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 3 quarts is required for control. 3 - 5 Horsenettle 3 - 202% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage. Horseradish 2% Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Iceplant 1.5 - 2% Iceplant should be at or beyond the early bud stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control. Jerusalem artichoke 3 - 5 3 - 202% Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage. Johnsongrass 0.5 - 33 - 40 1% In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using 1 quart of this product per acre. For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage. Spot treatment (partial control or suppression)--Apply a 1 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete. 3 - 402% Kikuyugrass 2 - 3 Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. 3 - 402% Knapweed Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. 1 - 1.25% Lantana

Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth 3 - 5 3 - 20 Lespedeza 2% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage. Milkweed, common 3 3 - 402% Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. 1 - 2 3 - 40Muhly, wirestem 2%

Use 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas. Spray when the wirestern multy is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common 3 - 5 3 - 202% Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage. 3 - 5 3 - 202% Napiergrass Apply when most plants are in the early head stage. Nightshade, silverleaf 2% 2 3 - 10

Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Nutsedge, purple or yellow

0.5 - 3

3 - 40 1 - 2%

Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass

3 - 40

2%

Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this



Submitted: 3-Jun-2002

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product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

**Pampasgrass** 

1.5 - 2%

Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

**Paragrass** 

3 - 5

3 - 20

2%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

**Phragmites** 

3 - 5

10 - 40

1 - 2%

For partial control and for best results, treat during late summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Poison hemlock

1 - 2%

Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

Pokeweed, common

1

3 - 40

2%

Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Quackgrass

1 - 3

3 - 40

2%

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 2 quarts of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1-quart rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results.

In pastures, sods or non-crop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.

Redvine

0.75 - 2

5 - 10

2%

For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Reed, giant -

-

2%

Best results are obtained when applications are made in fate summer to fall.

Ryegrass, perennial

1.3

3 - 40

1%

In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using I quart of this product per acre.

Smartweed, swamp

3 - 5

3 - 40

2%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial

2 - 3

3 - 40

2%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy

3 - 10

2%

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If moving has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall.

Starthistle, yellow

2

10 - 40

2%

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.

Sweet potato, wild

2%

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, artichoke

2%

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, Canada

2 - 3

3 - 40

2%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression in the spring, apply 1 quart of this product, or 1 pint of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Timothy

2 - 3

3 - 40

2%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

Torpedograss

4 - 5

3 - 40

2%

For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost.

Trumpetcreeper

2

5 - 10

2%

For partial control, apply in late September or October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass

3 - 5

3 - 20

2%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Velvetgrass

3 - 5

3 - 20

2%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Wheatgrass, western

2 - 3

3 - 40

2%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

#### 15.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best, results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species

Rate (QT/A) Hand-Held % Solution

Alder	3 - 4	1 - 1,5%
Ash *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Aspen, quaking	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
Bearmat (Bearclover) *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Beech *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Birch .	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
Blackberry	3 - 4	1 - 1.5%

Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 3/4 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Blackgum	2 - 5	I - 2%
Bracken	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Broom; French, Scotch		1.5 - 2%
Buckwheat, California *		1 - 2%

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cascara *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Catsclaw *		1 - 1.5%
Ceanothus *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Chamise		1%

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cherry; bitter, black, pin	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
	· .	
Coyote brush		1.5 - 2%

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Dogwood *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Elderberry	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
Elm*	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Eucalyptus	· .	2%

For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.

or orago troop approach	io in one of the		
Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree) *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Gorse *	2 - 5	! - 2%	
Hasardia *		1 - 2%	
Thorough coverage of foliag	ge is necessary for bes	t results.	
Hawthorn	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%	
Hazel	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%	
Hickory *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Honeysuckle	3 - 4	1 - 1.5%	
Hornbeam, American *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Kudzu	4 - 5	2%	
Repeat applications may be	required to maintain c	ontrol.	
Locust, black *	2 - 4	i - 2%	
Madrone resprouts *	- <del>-</del>	2%	
Apply to resprouts that are 3 treatments.	to 6 feet tall. Best re	sults are obtained with spring/early summe	:r
Manzanita *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Maple, red	2 - 4	I - 1.5%	
Apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solu partial control, apply 2 to 4 q		percent of the new leaves are fully develop per acre.	ed. For
Maple, sugar		1 - 1.5%	
Apply when at least 50 perce	nt of the new leaves a	re fully developed.	
Monkey flower *	<b></b> .	1 - 2%	
Thorough coverage of foliage	is necessary for best	results.	
Oak; black, white *	2 - 4	1 - 2%	•
Oak, post	3 - 4	1 - 1.5%	

1 - 1.5%

Oak; northern,

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed

Oak; southern red	2 · 3	1 - 1.5%
Persimmon *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Pine	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Poison ivy/Poison oak	4 - 5	2%

Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.

Poplar, yellow *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Redbud, eastern	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
Rose, multiflora	2	3 - 40	1%

Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating insects.

Russian olive *	2 - 5	1 - 2%	
	•		
Sage, black		1%	

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Sage, white *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Sage brush, California		1%

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Salmonberry	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
Saltcedar	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Sassafras *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Sourwood *	2 - 5	l - <b>2%</b>
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged *	2 - 4	1 - 2%
Sweetgum	2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
Swordfern *	2 - 5	1 - 2%
Tallowtree, Chinese	+-	1%

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results

Tan oak resprouts *	<b>+-</b>	2%
•		

Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.

2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
	1 - 2%
2 - 3	1 - 1.5%
2 - 5	1 - 2%
2 - 5	1 - 2%
2 - 5	1 - 2%
3 - 4	1 - 1.5%
	2 - 3 2 - 5 2 - 5 2 - 5

<sup>\*</sup> Partial control.

#### 16.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Monsanto Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready crop varieties crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Monsanto when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH

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QUANTITY. IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

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Devrinol is a trademark of United Phosphorus Inc.

Sim-Trol is a trademark of Sipcam Agro USA, Inc.

Valor is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

© [DATE] MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, 63167 USA

### II. SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR FOOD CROP USES

Table of Contents: Crop Supplemental labeling

	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Approval	Γ
]		Date	
A	FOR USE IN DORMANT ALFALFA	26-Aug-1997	
В	FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL WEEDS IN COASTAL	7-Nov-1995	<u> </u>
	BERMUDAGRASS PASTURES PRIOR TO SPRING GROWTH		
	OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER FIRST CUTTING		
C	FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN SOUTH	11-Dec-1996	
ĺ	DAKOTA. FOR NON-SELECTIVE CONTROL OF LISTED		
<u> </u>	ANNUAL WEEDS IN SMALL GRAIN CROPPING SYSTEMS		↓_
D	TANK MIX WITH AIM HERBICIDE FOR IMPROVED	16-Feb-2000	'
	SYMPTOMS IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN,		
<u> </u>	SOYBEANS OR WHEAT	16 E-b 2000	<u> </u>
E	TANK MIX WITH RESOURCE® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS	16-Feb-2000	
_	IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN OR SOYBEANS FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY	29-Dec-2000	<u>-</u>
F			-
G	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY,	7-Nov-1995	
	CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 Only)	11 F.b 1007	-
H	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY	11-Feb-1997	<u> </u>
I	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF ALFALFA WITH	16-Feb-2000	
	THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE	16 T 1 2000	<u> </u>
J	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF LETTUCE WITH	16-Feb-2000	
77	THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE	11 4 1000	_
K	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF RICE WITH THE	11-Aug-1999	
Ţ.	ROUNDUP READY® GENE	20.50= 1000	<u> </u>
L	FOR USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF WHEAT WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE	29-Sep-1999	
3.4	FOR CONTROLLING BARNYARDGRASS (ECHINOCHLOA	31-Oct-2001	$\vdash$
M	CRUS-GALLI) IN RICE USING RENOVATION TREATMENTS	31-001-2001	
	IN CALIFORNIA ONLY		
N	FOR NEW COTTON LINES WITH THE ROUNDUP READY	11-Aug-1999	П
14	GENE – IN-CROP APPLICATIONS	, , , ,	
0	FOR COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE FOR	11-Apr-2002 *	
•	APPLICATIONS IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY	•	
P	FOR WEED CONTROL IN WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS OF	11-Apr-2002 *	
-	CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE		

<sup>\*</sup> Approved initially on Roundup UltraMAX (524-512)

### SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR [INSERT BRAND NAME] BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using [INSERT BRAND NAME] as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

#### [INSERT BRAND NAME HERE]

Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

Keep out of reach of children.

#### CAUTION!

Cholion				
In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.				
INSERT BRAND NAME] is a registered trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.				
DIRECTIONS FOR USE				
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.				
This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.				
AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS. EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.				
See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] for essential product performance information.				
[INSERT SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE HERE]				
Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.				

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002

UNMARKED

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#### A. FOR USE IN DORMANT ALFALFA

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa.

Apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of this product. Apply in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Applications should be made after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. Applications made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with [INSERT BRAND NAME].

Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated.

Do not make more than one application per year.

Allow 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but the alfalfa will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Application of this product is limited to persons who have attended a Monsanto-approved training program. Application of this product can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

# B. FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL WEEDS IN COASTAL BERMUDAGRASS PASTURES PRIOR TO SPRING GROWTH OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER FIRST CUTTING

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

This product may be applied at 16 ounces per acre to control the weeds listed below and most other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal Bermudagrass pastures.

Annual bluegrass

Oats

Cheat Crabgrass Ryegrass, Italian Sandbur, field

Henbit Johnsongrass, seedling Sunflower Wheat

Little barley

Wild mustard

### TIMING OF APPLICATION

<u>Applications prior to spring growth:</u> Apply this product in the late winter or early spring but before new coastal Bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Applications to new growth can damage the Bermudagrass.

Recommended application rates totaling 3 quarts per acre or less do not require a waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing.

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Applications following the first cutting: Apply this product after the first Bermudagrass cutting when the Bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Applications made after regrowth has begun can damage the Bermudagrass.

Recommended application rates totaling 3 quarts per acre or less do not require a waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing.

NOTE: ONLY ONE APPLICATION PER YEAR MAY BE MADE TO ANY ONE FIELD. A SPRING APPLICATION PRIOR TO GROWTH AND AN APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE FIRST CUTTING MAY NOT BE MADE ON THE FIELD DURING THE SAME YEAR.

C. FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN SOUTH DAKOTA. FOR NON-SELECTIVE CONTROL OF LISTED ANNUAL WEEDS IN SMALL GRAIN CROPPING SYSTEMS

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

Refer to the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label for rate recommendations and weeds controlled.

For ground applications, use 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 2 to 3 gallons of water per acre.

#### ATTENTION

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this herbicide can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities, will allow spray drift to occur. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzie type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Adjust boom height on ground equipment to prevent streaked, overlapped or uneven applications. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets.

In aerial applications, do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do ot increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Ensure uniform application. Use appropriate marking devices when applying herbicides by air.

Avoid spraying when weeds are subject to moisture stress, when dust is on foliage, or when straw canopy covers the weeds.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residue of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF PART. LANDING

GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meats aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

#### D. TANK MIX WITH AIM HERBICIDE FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN, SOYBEANS OR WHEAT

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

This tank-mixture will significantly enhance the speed of symptomatology appearance on certain weeds when applied as a pre-plant treatment prior to corn, soybeans or wheat. This mixture may be applied prior to planting or emergence of labeled crops. This mixture will not provide residual control of weeds that are un-emerged at the time of treatment.

Combine [INSERT BRAND NAME] (32 fluid ounces of product per acre) and Aim Herbicide (0.144 ounce per acre) in the spray tank in 10 to 20 galions of water per acre. For best results, make applications to actively growing weeds. Ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may be added. The addition of 2,4-D or dicamba is not recommended.

#### SPECIFIC MIXING RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Option 1

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. Add Aim Herbicide at 0.144 ounce per acre and mix thoroughly.
- 3. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 4. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 32 fluid ounces per acre and finish filling the spray tank with water.

#### Option 2

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 3. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 32 fluid ounces per acre.
- 4. Prepare a sturry of Aim Herbicide with water and add to the spray tank.

Read and follow the Aim Herbicide label for additional application instructions and precautions.

### E. TANK MIX-WITH RESOURCE® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN OR SOYBEANS

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

This tank-mixture will significantly enhance the speed of symptomology appearance on certain weeds when applied as a pre-plant treatment prior to corn or soybeans. This mixture may be applied prior to planting or emergence of labeled crops. This mixture will not provide residual control of weeds that are un-emerged at the time of treatment.

Combine [INSERT BRAND NAME] (32 fluid ounces of product per acre) and Resource® (2.08 fluid ounces per acre) in the spray tank in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For best results, make applications to actively growing weeds. Ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may be added. The addition of 2,4-D or dicamba is not recommended.

#### SPECIFIC MIXING RECOMMENDATIONS

Master Label 524-475

#### Option 1

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- Add Resource at 2.08 fluid ounces per acre and mix thoroughly.

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- 3. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 4. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 32 fluid ounces per acre and finish filling the spray tank with water.

#### Option 2

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 3. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 32 fluid ounces per acre.
- 4. Add Resource at 2.08 fluid ounces per acre to the spray tank.

Read and follow the Resource label for additional application instructions and precautions.

Resource is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation.

#### F. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- 1. In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
- 2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
- 3. Over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready corn and cotton. Refer to further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.
- 4. Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton. Refer to the [INSERT BRAND NAME] further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton and for specific preharvest application instructions for each individual crop.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixture may be used for fallow and reduced tillage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

#### DO NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MAXIMUM RATES WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR:

1 quart per acre	2 quarts per acre
	Alfalfa
Corn	
Roundup Ready® Corn	
	Cotton
	Roundup Ready® Cotton
	Fallow
	<ul> <li>Reduced tillage systems</li> </ul>
	Pastures
Wheat	

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#### **Aerial Equipment**

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

AVOID DRIFT—DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- 4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the air-stream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaking, uneven, or over-lapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

# G. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 Only)

#### Applicable Area

This supplement only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California.

North: Fresno County line South: Fresno County line East: St West: Fi

State Highway 99 Fresno County line

#### General Information

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

#### Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

### Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, call 1-800-332-3111.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 916-784-1718.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the "FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY" supplemental label.

#### H. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

#### USE DIRECTIONS

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

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Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

# I. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF ALFALFA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT ALFALFA IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF ALFALFA CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF ALFALFA WILL RESULT IF ALFALFA VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

#### USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant alfalfa in seed production fields of alfalfa containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. Subsequent applications of up to 64 fluid ounces per acre each may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant alfalfa plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 8 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready alfalfa from emergence to harvest.

Treated alfalfa or the resulting seed may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated alfalfa. Do not process treated alfalfa or resulting seed for food or feed.

# J. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF LETTUCE WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT LETTUCE IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF LETTUCE CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF LETTUCE WILL RESULT IF LETTUCE VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

#### USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant lettuce in seed production fields of lettuce containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant lettuce plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 4 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

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Application timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready lettuce from emergence to harvest.

Treated lettuce may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated lettuce. Do not process treated lettuce for food or feed.

#### K. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF RICE WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT RICE IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF RICE CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH WILL RESULT IF RICE VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

#### USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant rice in seed production fields of rice containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 64 ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 64 ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant rice plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 4 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing -- This product can be applied to Roundup Ready rice from emergence to harvest.

Treated rice may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated rice. Do not process treated rice for food or feed.

### L. FOR USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF WHEAT WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT WHEAT IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF WHEAT CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH WILL RESULT IF WHEAT VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

#### USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant wheat in seed production fields of wheat containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 32 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control nonglyphosate tolerant wheat plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 2 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready wheat from emergence to harvest.

Treated wheat may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated wheat. Do not process treated wheat for food or feed.

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# M. FOR CONTROLLING BARNYARDGRASS (ECHINOCHLOA CRUS-GALLI) IN RICE USING RENOVATION TREATMENTS IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

## RECOMMENDATIONS Renovation Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a renovation treatment in rice crops to control barnyardgrass infestations using ground broadcast spray or hand-held equipment. Renovation is defined as herbicide treatment that will produce crop and weed destruction in an entire field or contiguous area treated within a field. Follow the application methods and recommended treatment rates in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] herbicide.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason. The rice straw and stubble from the treated area, including a 25-foot buffer zone on all sides, shall not be used for grazing, animal bedding or any feed purposes.

No Aerial applications are permitted for rice renovation using this supplemental label.

N. FOR NEW COTTON LINES WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE – IN-CROP APPLICATIONS

#### **General Information**

ATTENTION: MONSANTO RECOMMENDS THIS PRODUCT FOR USE ONLY OVER-THE-TOP OF OR DIRECTED ONTO IMPROVED COTTON VARIETIES THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF COTTON WILL RESULT IF ANY COTTON VARIETIES NOT PROPERLY DESIGNATED AS HAVING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, OTHER THAN CROPS WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE, SINCE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION WILL RESULT.

ROUNDUP READY COTTON VARIETIES MUST BE PURCHASED FROM AN AUTHORIZED LICENSED SEED SUPPLIER. THE DESIGNATION, "ROUNDUP READY", INDICATES THE COTTON VARIETY CONTAINS A PATENTED PROPRIETARY TRAIT.

#### **Application Instructions**

This product will control many troublesome weeds with over-the-top, post-directed, hooded sprayer, or preharvest applications in Roundup Ready cotton. See the APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for more information.

#### Maximum Allowable Yearly Rates

Combined total per year for all applications

8 quarts per acre
Preplant, Preemergence applications

5 quarts per acre
Total over-the-top applications from cracking to layby

2.5 quarts per acre
Total precision post-directed or hooded applications through layby

2 quarts per acre
Maximum preharvest application rate

2 quarts per acre

NOTE: Always plant into a weed free seedbed. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, always burn down existing weeds before cotton emerges. Apply a preplant burndown treatment of 16-48 fluid ounces per acre of this product.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready cotton. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. Cotton is very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

Over-the-top applications: Up to 2.5 quarts per sprayed acre of this product may be applied by aerial or ground broadcast application equipment postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until layby. The Annual and Perennial Weeds Rate Tables in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] should be used to determine application rate. Any single over-the-top application should not exceed 2 quarts per sprayed acre. Sequential applications of this product must be at least 7 days apart.

With ground broadcast equipment; apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF I QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR. AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions that favor drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

<u>Post-directed or hooded applications</u>: In addition to the over-the-top applications, up to 2 quarts per sprayed acre may be applied as a post-directed or hooded application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. These application methods may be preferred when there is a need to direct the spray onto weeds that are growing under the crop canopy. Equipment should be used which directs the spray into the lower crop canopy so that weeds in the row are covered. For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches). Sequential in-crop applications must be at least 7 days apart from any other in-crop application of this product.

ATTENTION: USE OF [INSERT BRAND NAME] IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN UNANTICIPATED RESULTS INCLUDING YIELD LOSS.

Weeds controlled. For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of the label booklet. [INSERT BRAND NAME] applied at 1 to 2 quarts per acre will control or suppress the growth of the

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following perennial weeds and reduce crop competition: yellow and purple nutsedge, rhizome johnsongrass, common Bermudagrass, silverleaf nightshade, trumpet creeper, and redvine. Fall preharvest applications may be required for control of these perennial weeds.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides may result in reduced weed control, or may cause crop injury and are not recommended for applications where the spray contacts the cotton plant.

Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require sequential applications of this product for control.

Preharvest applications: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton any time after layby up to 7 days prior to harvest. This product may be tank mixed with DEF<sup>TM</sup> 6, Folex<sup>TM</sup>, Ginstar, or Prep<sup>TM</sup> to enhance cotton leaf drop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between final application and harvest. No more than 2 quarts of this product per acre may be applied preharvest (between layby and seven days prior to harvest). Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre by air. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton. Do not apply [INSERT BRAND NAME] preharvest to cotton grown for seed.

<u>Precautions/Restrictions</u>: The combined total application from crop emergence until harvest must not exceed 8 quarts per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between final application and harvest. Tank mixtures with other herbicides may result in reduced weed control, or may cause crop injury and are not recommended for applications where the spray contacts the cotton plant. Do not apply [INSERT BRAND NAME] preharvest to cotton grown for seed.

# O. FOR COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE FOR APPLICATIONS IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (Over-the-Top), Selective Equipment, Preharvest

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season		
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre	
Preplant. At-planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre	
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	4 quarts per acre	
?Total in crop over-the-top from ground cracking to 4-leaf stage	3 quarts per acre	
?Total in-crop applications using selective equipment through layby	2 quarts per acre	
Maximum preharvest application rate	2 quarts per acre	

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 6 quarts per acre.

NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT.

NO MORE THAN TWO POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY.

SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST. APPLICATIONS MADE IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM LABEL RATES ARE EXPECTED TO RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS AND ARE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GROWER.

THE MAXIMUM USE RATES STATED THROUGHOUT THIS PRODUCT'S LABELING APPLY TO THIS PRODUCT COMBINED WITH THE USE OF ALL OTHER HERBICIDES CONTAINING GLYPHOSATE OR SULFOSATE AS THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT, WHETHER APPLIED AS MIXTURES OR SEPARATELY. CALCULATE THE APPLICATION RATES AND ENSURE THAT THE TOTAL USE OF THIS AND OTHER GLYPHOSATE OR SULFOSATE CONTAINING PRODUCTS DOES NOT EXCEED STATED MAXIMUM USE RATE.

#### Preplant, At-planting, and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

#### Postemergence (Over-the-Top)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application posternergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Unless otherwise directed in this supplemental label, any single over-the-top broadcast application should not exceed 1 quart per acre. Combined over-the-top applications between ground cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage should not exceed 3 quarts per acre.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL and PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] herbicide.

#### Selective Equipment:

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in-crop using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. Unless otherwise directed in this supplemental label, any single application using selective equipment should not exceed 1 quart per acre. Sequential in-crop applications using selective equipment may be made up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre.

At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment. The combined total of in-crop over-the-top plus selective equipment applications must not exceed 4 quarts per acre.

#### Salvage Treatment:



USE INSTRUCTIONS: From the ground cracking stage through layby, where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop, applications of up to 1.5 quarts per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: CROP TOLERANCE OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON HAS NOT BEEN FULLY TESTED AT THIS APPLICATION RATE. SALVAGE TREATMENTS ARE EXPECTED TO RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS AND ARE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GROWER. NO MORE THAN TWO SALVAGE TREATMENTS SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

<u>PRECAUTIONS</u>. The combined total of in-crop over-the-top plus selective equipment applications must not exceed 4 quarts per acre.

#### Preharvest:

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 2 quarts per acre of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply [INSERT BRAND NAME] herbicide preharvest to Roundup Ready cotton grown for seed.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

P. FOR WEED CONTROL IN WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS OF CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

# GENERAL INFORMATION MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT ONLY ON CANOLA WHICH CONTAINS THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

- Applying this product to canola that is not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and
  yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain
  the Roundup Ready gene since severe injury or destruction will result.
- The Roundup Ready designation indicates the canola contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this
  herbicide. Information on Roundup Ready canola may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto
  representative.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting, prior to emergence and/or postemergence with over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready canola planted for wildlife food plots.

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: Do not process treated Roundup Ready canola seed from wildlife food plots for food or domestic livestock feed. Do not graze or feed treated Roundup Ready canola to domestic livestock. There are no rotational restrictions for planting any wildlife food species or for allowing native species to repopulate the area following applications of this product.

## Maximum Allowable Combined Application Ouantities Per Season

1. Preplant and preemergence applications

2 quarts per acre

2. Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage

I quart per acre

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW-LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITIONS WHICH FAVOR DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

#### Sprayer Preparation

It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready canola. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. Canola can be very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

#### Preplant or Preemergent Applications

This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment prior to planting or emergence of Roundup Ready canola in wildlife food plots. The maximum combined application rate from all preplant and pre-emergent applications should not exceed 2 quarts per acre per season.

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED **NOTE:** Always use a burndown treatment to control existing weeds before canola emerges. Apply a preplant burndown treatment of 0.5 to 1 quart per acre of this product. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed wait 7 days after application before tillage.

#### Over-the-top Applications

This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment postemergence to Roundup Ready canola planted in wildlife food plots from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss.

Single Application—Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction.

Sequential Applications—Apply 16 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass.

This product will control or suppress, most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 2 quarts per acre.

#### Weeds Controlled

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] herbicide label booklet.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, or fungicides are not recommended for applications of this product to wildlife food plots of Roundup Ready canola. Contact your local wildlife agency for information and recommendations.

Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require sequential applications of this product for control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

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### III. MAIN LABEL FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, ORNAMENTAL USES ..

#### [INSERT BRAND NAME]

The complete broad-spectrum postemergence professional herbicide for industrial, turf and ornamental weed control.

#### Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION IS LIKELY TO RESULT.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

#### Refillable Container Label Statement

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. IT IS INTENDED THAT REPACKAGING BE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH A MONSANTO REPACKAGING OR TOL REPACKAGING AGREEMENT.

Non-Refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING

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- 1 1.0 INGREDIENTS
- 2 2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS
- 3 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
  - 3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
  - 3.2 Environmental Hazards

OIN	EK INO	REDIEN 13 (metworing surfactang)	100.0%
*Gly	phosate,	N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt REDIENTS (including surfactant):	
		GREDIENT:	
1.0 1	INC D FI	DIENTS	
10	10.0	LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY	
	9.3	Woody Brush and Trees	
	9.2	Perennial Weeds	
	9.1	Annual Weeds	•
9	9.0	WEEDS CONTROLLED	•
	8.10	Utility Sites	
	8.9	Roadsides	
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	8.7	Parks, Recreational and Residential Areas	•
	8.6	Ornamentals, Plant Nurseries, and Christmas Trees	
	8.5	Injection and Frill (Woody Brush and Trees)	
	8.4	Habitat Management	
	8.3	General Non-crop Areas and Industrial Sites	
	8.1	Cut Stumps Forestry Site Preparation	
8	8.0 8.1	SITE AND USE RECOMMENDATIONS	
	7.6	CDA Equipment	
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U	6.1	Mixing with Water	
6	6.0	(How This Product Works)  MIXING	
5	5.0	GENERAL INFORMATION	
4 .	4.0	STORAGE AND DISPOSAL	
	3.3	Physical or Chemical Hazards	

\*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

Optional alternate statement: OTHER INGREDIENTS (including 14.5 percent surfactant):

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

#### 2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE.

1-800-332-3111.

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT.

(314)-694-4000

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### 3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

FIRST AID: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.

#### HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as [INSERT BRAND NAME], EPA Registration No. 524-475. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergept and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### 3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### 3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves greater than 14 mils in thickness composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber, shoes plus socks.

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) for agricultural pesticides. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

#### 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

#### FOR REFILLABLE PORTABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid Monsanto Repackaging or Toll Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### FOR METAL CONTAINERS (non-aerosol):

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### FOR BULK CONTAINERS:

Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a manner approved by state and local authorities.

#### FOR PLASTIC 1-WAY CONTAINERS & BOTTLES:

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill. or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### FOR DRUMS:

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanto container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay but of smoke.

## 5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

**Product Description:** This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and no additional surfactant is needed or recommended.

Optional alternate statement: It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing 14.5 percent surfactant and no additional surfactant is needed or recommended.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Mode of Action in Plants: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or rootstocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: The combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rates.

#### **ATTENTION**

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

AVOID DRIFT: EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

3-Jun-2002 MARKED 157 Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip; drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

#### 6.0 MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

# 6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

# 6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

When tank mixing, read and carefully observe label directions, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Add the tank-mix product to the tank as directed by the label. Maintain agitation and add the recommended amount of this product.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation may be required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "TANK MIXING" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

# 6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution		, Aı	nount of [INSE	RT BRANI	D NAME]		
Desired Volume	1/2%	1%	1 1/2%	2%	5%	10%	

l gal	2/3 oz	1-1/3 oz	2 oz	2-2/3 oz	6-1/2 oz	13 oz	-
25 gal	1 pt	l qt	1-1/2 qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 gt	
100 gal	2 qt	_ l gal	1-1/2 gal t	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal	

# 2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in backpack, knapsack or pump-up sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

# 6.4 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilution. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

# 7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

# **AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

# Importance of droplet size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion sections of this label).

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Submitted: 3-Jun-2002

# Controlling droplet size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size
  and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles
  instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will
  produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet
  size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the
  largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height
  that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

#### Wind'

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

# Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

# Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sunsets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be

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Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SensitiveAreas

This product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

# 7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus, dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 25 gallons of water per acre.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application -- To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear is most susceptible.

# 7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

# 7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only.

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED // 3 For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS" section of "WEEDS CONTROLLED", apply a 1/2 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds.

For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product for control or partial control of annual weeds, perennial weeds, or woody brush and trees. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees, when foliage is thick and dense, or where there are multiple sprouts.

# 7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers; wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION, AS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH IS LIKELY TO OCCUR.

Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation is likely to result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

# Shielded and Hooded Applicators

A shielded or hooded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

# Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars

A wiper or sponge applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

n-2002 RKED Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators--Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used.

For Panel Applicators and pressure-feed systems--Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used.

When applied as recommended above, this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

Corn, volunteer

Sicklepod

Panicum, Texas

Spanishneedles

Rye, common

Starbur, bristly

Shattercane

When applied as recommended above, this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

Beggarweed, Florida

Ragweed, common

Bermudagrass

Ragweed, giant

Dogbane, hemp

Smutgrass

Dogoane, nem

Sunflower

Guineagrass Johnsongrass Thistle, Canada Thistle, musk

Milkweed

Vaseygrass

Nightshade, silverleaf

Velvetleaf

Pigweed, redroot

# 7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the undiluted concentrate of other products when using injection systems unless specifically recommended.

# 7.6 CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by controlled droplet application (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

CDA equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction is likely to result.

# 8.0 SITE AND USE RECOMMENDATIONS

Detailed instructions follow alphabetically, by site.

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Refer also to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section.

# 8.1 Cut Stumps



Cut stump treatments may be made on any site listed on this label. This product will control many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder	Saltcedar
Eucalyptus	Sweetgum
Madrone	Tan oak
Oak	Willow
Reed, giant	

DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

# 8.2 Forestry Site Preparation

This product is recommended for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in forestry. This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites and maintaining logging roads.

This product is recommended for use in site preparation prior to planting any tree species, including Christmas trees, eucalyptus, hybrid tree cultivars and silvicultural nursery sites.

# APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING

		SPRAY
		VOLUME
APPLICATION	[INSERT BRAND NAME]	GAL/A
<del></del>		
BROADCAST		
Aerial	2 to 10 qts/a	5°to 30
Ground	2 to 10 qts/a	10 to 60
SPRAY-TO-WET		
Handgun,	3/4 % to 2 %	spray-to-wet
Backpack,	by volume	, ,
Duckpuch,	2 <b>,</b> 701 <b>2</b> 110	
LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY		
	5% to 10%	partial coverage*
Handgun,		partial coverage
Backpack,	by volume	

<sup>\*</sup>For low volume directed spray applications, coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results.

Use higher rates of this product within the recommended range for control or partial control of woody brush, trees and hard-to-control perennial herbaceous weeds. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the recommended range for control of perennial herbaceous weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers or berries appear.

Use the lower rates of this product within the recommended range for control of annual herbaceous weeds and actively growing perennial herbaceous weeds after seedheads, flowers or berries appear. Apply to the foliage of actively growing annual herbaceous weeds any time after emergence.

This product has no herbicidal or residual activity in the soil. Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

#### TANK MIXTURES

Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

**NOTE**: For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank-mix product is approved for use prior to planting the desired species. Observe planting interval restrictions.

Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with the following products for forestry site preparation.

PRODUCT	BROADCAST RATE
Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	2 to 16 f) oz /a
Escort™	½ to 3 ½ oz/a
	•
Chopper™	4 to 32 fl oz/a
Garlon 4	1 to 4 qts/a
OustTM	1 to 4 oz/a
Oust	1 10 4 02/a
	•
PRODUCT	SPRAY-TO-WET RATES
Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	1/32 % to 1/2 % by volume

PRODUCT	LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY RATES
Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	1/8% to 1/2% by volume

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

Do not apply this product as an over-the-top broadcast spray for forestry conifer or hardwood release.

# 8.3 General Non-crop Areas and Industrial Sites

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Use in areas such as airports, apartment complexes. Christmas tree farms, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, industrial sites, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, office complexes, ornamental nurseries, parks, parking areas, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, railroads, recreational areas, residential areas, roadsides, sod or turf seed farms, schools, storage areas, substations, warehouse areas, other public areas, and similar industrial and non-crop sites.

# General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Bare Ground

This product may be used in general non-crop areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in non-crop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these products' labels for approved noncrop sites and application rates.

> Arsenal<sup>TM</sup> Clarity

Barricade™ 65WG

Diuron Endurance™

Escort<sup>TM</sup> Garlon™ 3A Garlon 4

Karmex™ DF Krovar<sup>TM</sup> I DF

Manage® Oust

Pendulum™ 3.3 EC Pendulum WDG

Plateau™

Princep™DF

Princep™ Liquid Ronstar™ 50WP

Sahara™

Simazine

Surflan<sup>TM</sup>

Telar™ Vanquish™

2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

When applied as a tank mixture for bare ground, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees.

For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of Oust per acre.

> Bahiagrass Bermudagrass

Broomsedge Dallisgrass

Dock, curly Dogfennel Fescue, tall

Johnsongrass

Роотјое

Ouackgrass Vaseygrass

Vervain, blue

**Chemical Mowing - Perennials** 

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This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

# Chemical Mowing - Annuals

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 4 to 5 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

#### Bromus Species and Medusahead in Pastures and Rangelands

Bromus species. This product may be used to treat downy brome (Bromus tectorum), Japanese brome (Bromus japonicus), soft chess (Bromus mollis) and cheatgrass (Bromus secalinus) found in industrial, rangeland and pasture sites. Apply 8 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre on a broadcast basis.

For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses can become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead. To treat medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre as soon as plants are actively growing, and prior to the 4-leaf stage. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Applications to brome and medusahead may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. When applied as directed in this label, there are no grazing restrictions.

# **Dormant Turfgrass**

This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Treatments in excess of 16 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained areas, such as golf courses and lawns. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass treatments.

# **Actively Growing Bermudagrass**

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. DO NOT apply more than 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in highly maintained turfgrass areas. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for actively growing Bermudagrass treatments. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

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# Turfgrass Renovation, Seed, or Sod Production

This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

# 8.4 Habitat Management

# Habitat Restoration and Management

This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat management and enhancement.

# Wildlife Food Plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

# 8.5 Injection and Frill (Woody Brush and Trees)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment that must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frilled or cut areas in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100 percent concentration of this product. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product will control many species; some of which are listed below:

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Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED ControlPartial ControlOakBlack gumPoplarDogwoodSweetgumHickorySycamoreMaple, red

# 8.6 Ornamentals, Plant Nurseries, and Christmas Trees

# Post-Directed, Trim-and-Edge

This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species such as arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew. This product may also be used to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks and roads, potted plants and other objects in a nursery setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established ornamental species.

#### Site Preparation

This product may be used prior to planting any ornamental, nursery or Christmas tree species.

#### Wiper Applications

This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established eucalyptus or poplar trees. See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

# Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

# 8.7 Parks, Recreational and Residential Areas

This product may be used in parks, recreational and residential areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around trees, fences, and paths, around buildings, sidewalks, and other objects in these areas. This product may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation. This product may be used to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to park and recreational areas.

#### 8.8 Railroads

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to railroads.

Bare ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

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This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments:

Arsenal Krovar I DF
Clarity Oust
Diuron Sahara
Escort Spike™
Garlon3A Telar
Garlon 4 Vanquish
Hyvar™ X 2,4-D

#### Brush Control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:

Arsenal Garlon 4
Escort Tordon™ K
Garlon 3A

# Bermudagrass Release

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Trumpetcreeper
Fescue, tall Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 3 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass Fescue, tall
Blackberry Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Poorjoe
Broomsedge Raspberry
Dallisgrass Trumpetcreeper

Dewberry Dock, curly Dogfennel Vaseygrass Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

#### 8.9 Roadsides

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to roadsides.

#### Shoulder Treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

# Guardrails and Other Obstacles to Mowing

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

#### Spot Treatment

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

# Tank Mixtures

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

Clarity
Diuron
Endurance
Escort
Krovar I DF

Princep Liquid Ronstar 50WP

Sahara Simazine Surflan

Oust Pendulum 3.3 EC Pendulum WDG Telar Vanquish 2,4-D

Princep DF

See the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

#### Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

# **Dormant Applications**

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust may delay greenup.

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Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 1/4 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust per acre on Bermudagrass and no more than 1/2 ounce of Oust per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

#### **Actively Growing Bermudagrass**

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Trumpetcreeper
Fescue, tall Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass Fescue, tall
Bluestem, silver Johnsongrass
Broomsedge Poorjoe
Dallisgrass Trumpetcreeper
Dock, curly Vaseygrass

Dock, curly Vaseygrass
Dogfennel Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

# **Actively Growing Bahiagrass**

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust may be used. Apply 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/4 ounce of Oust per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

#### 8.10 Utility Sites

In utilities, this product is recommended for use along electrical power, pipeline and telephone rights-of-way, and in other sites associated with these rights-of-way, such as substations, roadsides, railroads or similar rights-of-way that run in conjunction with utilities.

This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, maintaining access roads and for side trimming along utility rights-of-way.

#### **Tank Mixtures**

Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of control for herbaceous weeds, woody brush and trees. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture. Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mix.

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

NOTE: For side trimming treatments, it is recommended that this product be used alone or in tank mixture with Garlon 4.

PRODUCT	BROADCAST RATE	USE SITES
Arsenal 2WSL	6 to 32 fl oz/acre	Utility Sites
Escort	1 to 2 oz/acre	Utility Sites
Garlon 3A*, Garlon 4	1 to 4 qts/acre	Utility Sites/ Side Trimming
Oust	1 to 4 oz/a	Utility Sites
PRODUCT	SPRAY-TO-WET RATES	USE SITES
Arsenal 2WSL	1/16% to 1/8% by volume	Utility Sites
Escort	1 to 2 oz/acre	Utility Sites
PRODUCT	LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY RATES	USE SITES
Arsenal 2 WSL	1/8% to ½% by volume	Utility Sites
Escort	1 to 2 oz/acre	Utility Sites

<sup>\*</sup> Ensure that Garlon 3A is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding this product. Have spray mixture agitating at the time this product is added to avoid spray compatibility problems.

Bare Ground and Trim-and-Edge ,

This product may be used in utility sites and substations for bare ground, trim-and-edge around objects, spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these products' labels for approved noncrop sites and application rates.

Arsenal Plateau<sup>™</sup>
Banvel Princep<sup>™</sup>DF
Barricade<sup>™</sup> 65WG Princep<sup>™</sup> Liquid
Diuron Ronstar<sup>™</sup> 50WP
Endurance<sup>™</sup> Sahara<sup>™</sup>
Escort Simazine

#### 9.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

Garlon 3A

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Surflan<sup>TM</sup>

Reduced results may occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

Refer to the following label sections for recommended rates for the control of annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees. For difficult to control perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, where plants are growing under stressed conditions, or where infestations are dense, this product may be used at 5 to 10 quarts per acre for enhanced results.

#### 9.1 Annual Weeds

Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height or runner length and 1.5 quarts to 4 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches in height or runner length or when weeds are growing under stressed conditions.

For spray-to-wet applications, apply a 1/2 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or for smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions, use a 1 to 2 percent solution. Use the higher rate for tough-to-control species or for weeds over 24 inches tall.

#### WEED SPECIES

Annoda, spurred Barley\*

Barnyardgrass\*

Bittercress\*

Black nightshade\*

Bluegrass, annual\*

Bluegrass, bulbous\*

Bassia, fivehook

Brome, downy\*

Brome, Japanese\*

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002 UNMARKED Browntop panicum\*

Buttercup\*

Carolina foxtail\*

Carolina geranium

Castor bean

Cheatgrass\*

Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)

Chervil\*

Chickweed\*

Cocklebur\*

Copperleaf, hophornbeam

Com\*

Corn speedwell\*

Crabgrass\*

Dwarfdandelion\*

Eastern mannagrass\*

Eclipta\*

Fall panicum\*

Falsedandelion\*

Falseflax, smallseed\*

Fiddleneck

Field pennycress\*

Filaree

Fleabane, annual\*

Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)\*

Fleabane, rough\*

Florida pusiey

Foxtail\*

Goatgrass, jointed\*

Goosegrass

Grain sorghum (milo)\*

Groundsel, common\*

Hemp sesbania

Henbit

Horseweed/Marestail (Conyza canadensis)

Itchgrass\*

Johnsongrass, seedling

Junglerice

Knotweed

Kochia

Lamb's-quarters\*

Little barley\*

London rocket\*

Mayweed

Medusahead\*

Morningglory (Ipomoea spp)

Mustard, blue\*

Mustard, tansy\*

Mustard, tumble\*

Mustard, wild\*

Oats

Pigweed\*

Plains/Tickseed coreopsis\*

Prickly lettuce\*

Puncturevine

# III. MAIN LABEL FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, AND ORNAMENTAL USES

Purslane, common Ragweed, common\* Ragweed, giant Red rice Russian thistle Rye\* Ryegrass\* Sandbur, field\* Shattercane\* Shepherd's-purse\* Sicklepod Signalgrass, broadleaf\* Smartweed, ladysthumb\* Smartweed, Pennsylvania\* Sowthistle, annual Spanishneedles Speedwell, purslane\* Sprangletop\* Spurge, annual Spurge, prostrate\* Spurge, spotted\* Spurry, umbrella\* Starthistle, yellow Stinkgrass\* Sunflower\* Teaweed/ Prickly sida Texas panicum\* Velvetleaf Virginia copperleaf Virginia pepperweed\* Wheat\* Wild oats\* Witchgrass\* Woolly cupgrass\* Yellow rocket

\*When using field broadcast equipment (aerial applications or boom sprayers using flat-fan nozzles) these species will be controlled or partially controlled using 1 pint of this product per acre. Applications must be made using 3 to 10 gallons of carrier volume per acre. Use nozzles that ensure thorough coverage of foliage and treat when weeds are in an early growth stage.

# 9.2 Perennial Weeds

Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). For non-flowering plants, best results are obtained when the plants reach a mature stage of growth. In many situations, treatments are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use the higher application rate within the recommended range.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed spot treatments, apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Weed Species

Rate

Hand-Held

	(QT/A)	% Solution
Alfalfa*	1	2
Alligatorweed*	4	1.5
Anise (fennel)	2-4	1-2
Bahiagrass	3-5	2
Beachgrass, European (Ammophila arenaria)	-	5
Bentgrass*	1.5	2
Bermudagrass	5	2
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1.5	2
Bindweed, field	4-5	2
Bluegrass, Kentucky	2	2
Blueweed, Texas	4-5	2
Brackenfern	3-4	1-1.5
Bromegrass, smooth	2	2 .
Bursage, wooliy-leaf		2
Canarygrass, reed	2-3	2
Cattail	3-5	2
Clover; red, white	3-5	2
Cogongrass	3-5	2 .
Dallisgrass	3-5	2
Dandelion	3-5	2
Dock, curly	3-5	2
Dogbane, hemp	4 .	2
Fescue (except tall)	3-5	2
Fescue, tall	1-3	2
German ivy	2-4	1-2
Guineagrass	3	1 2
Horsenettle	3-5	
Horseradish	4	2
Iceplant	2	1.5-2
Jerusalem artichoke	3-5	2
Johnsongrass	2-3	1
Kikuyugrass	2-3	2
Knapweed	4	2 .
Lantana		1-1.25
Lespedeza	3-5	2
Milkweed, common	3	2
Muhly, wirestem	2	2 .
Mullein, common	3-5	2
Napiergrass	3-5	2
Nightshade, silverleaf	2	2
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	3	1-2
Orchardgrass	2	2
Pampasgrass	3-5	1.5-2
Paragrass	3-5	2
Pepperweed, perennial	4	2
Phragmites*	3-5	1-2
Poison hemlock	2-4	1-2
Quackgrass	2-3	2
Redvine*	2	2
Reed, giant	4-5 2-3	2
Ryegrass, perennial	2-3	I

Smartweed, swamp	3-5	2	•		
Spurge, leafy*		2		•	
Sweet potato, wild*	**	2			
Thistle, artichoke	2-3	1-2			
Thistle, Canada	2-3	2			
Timothy	2-3	2			
Torpedograss*	4-5	2		,	
Trumpetcreeper*	2-3	2			
Vaseygrass	3-5	2			
Velvetgrass	3-5	2			
Wheatgrass, western	. 2-3	2			

<sup>\*</sup>Partial control

# 9.3 Woody Brush and Trees

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed-spray spot treatments, apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species		Broadcast Rate	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet	•
	<del></del>	(QT/A)	% Solution	<del></del>
Alder		3-4	1-1.5	
Ash*		2-5	1-2	
Aspen, quaking		2-3	1-1.5	
Bearclover (Bearmat)*		2-5	1-2	•
Beech*		2-5	1-2	
Birch		2 .	1	
Blackberry		3-4	1-1.5	
Blackgum		2-5	1-2	
Bracken		2-5	1-2	
Broom; French, Scotch		2-5	1.5-2	
Buckwheat, California*		2-4	1-2	
Cascara*		2-5	1-2	
Catsclaw*			1-1.5	
Ceanothus*		2-5	1-2	
Chamise*		2-5	1	
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	,	2-3	1-1.5	
Coyote brush		3-4	1.5-2	
Deerweed		2-5	1	

Dogwood*	2-5	1-2
Elderberry	2	1
Elm*	2-5	1-2
Eucalyptus		2
,		
Gorse*	2-5	1-2
Hasardia*	2-4	1-2
Hawthorn	2-3	1-1.5
Hazel	2	1
Hickory*	2-5	1-2
Honeysuckle	3-4	1-1.5
Hornbeam, American*	2-5	1-2
Kudzu	4	2
Locust, black*	2-4	1-2
Madrone resprouts*		2
Manzanita*	2-5	1-2
Maple, red	2-4	1-1.5
Maple, sugar		1-1.5
Monkey flower*	2-4	1-2
Oak; black, white*	2-4	1-2
Oak, post	3-4	1-1.5
Oak; northern, pin	2-4	1-1.5
Oak, Scrub*	2-4	1-1.5
Oak; southern red	2-3	1-1.5
Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*	2-5	1-2
Persimmon*	2-5	1-2
Pine	2-5	1-2
Poison ivy	4-5	. 2
Poison oak	4-5	2
Poplar, yellow*	2-5	1-2
Redbud, eastern	2-5	1-2
Rose, multiflora	2	·1
Russian olive*	2-5	1-2
Sage, black	2-4	1
Sage, white*	2-4	1-2
Sage brush, California	2-4	1
Salmonberry	2	1
Saltcedar*	2-5	1-2
Sassafras*	2-5	1-2
Sourwood*	2-5	1-2
Sumac; laurel, poison, smooth, sugarbush, winged*	2-4	1-2
Sweetgum	2-3	1-1.5
Swordfern*	2-5	1-2
Tallowtree, Chinese		1
Tan oak resprouts*		2
Thimbleberry	2	1
Tobacco, tree*	2-4	1-2
Toyon*	- /	2
Trumpetcreeper .	2-3	I-1.5
Vine maple*	2-5	1-2
Virginia creeper	2-5	1-2
Waxmyrtle, southern*	2-5	1-2
waxmynie, southern? Willow	3	1-2 İ
willow Yerbasenta*	<i>3</i>	2
I Ci Gascilla .	<del></del> -	

#### \*Partial control

#### 10.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Monsanto Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

[INSERT BRAND NAME], Manage, Monsanto and Vine symbol are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC. Escort, Hyvar, Karmex, Krovar, Oust, and Telar are trademarks of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc. Garlon, Spike, Surflan and Tordon are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences
Barricade, Endurance, Princep and Vanquish are trademarks of Sygenta Group
Ronstar is a trademark of Aventis Group.
Arsenal, Pendulum, Plateau, and Sahara are trademarks of BASF Corporation.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

In case of an emergency involving this product, or for medical assistance, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

@[DATE]- MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, 63167 U.S.A.

Submitted: 3-Jun-2002

UNMARKED

#### SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, ORNAMENTAL USES

Table of Contents: Industrial, Turf, and Ornamental Supplemental labeling

	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Approval
<u> </u>		Date
Α	FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON [INSERT	29-Sep-1999
	BRAND NAME TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE	
	AND AURORA GOLD® FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS.	
В	[INSERT BRAND NAME] HERBICIDE AND TANK	1-Apr-1996
	MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS, INCLUDING RAILROAD	
	RIGHTS-OF-WAY, SUBSTATIONS, AIRPORTS, INDUSTRIAL	
	PLANTS, ROADSIDES, STORAGE AREAS AND SIMILAR	
L	SITES	
С	AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN CALIFORNIA	1-Apr-1996

# SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR [INSERT BRAND NAME] BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using [INSERT BRAND NAME] as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

# [INSERT BRAND NAME HERE]

Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

Keep out of reach of children.

# CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

[INSERT BRAND NAME] is a trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] for essential product performance information.

# [INSERT SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE HERE]

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

© [DATE] MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167 ,

A. FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON [INSERT BRAND NAME] TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE AND AURORA GOLD® FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS.

# [INSERT BRAND NAME] Tolerant Tall Fescue Selections For Seed Production

Use this product on [INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed production only.

This product may be applied at rates of 4 to 16 fluid ounces per acre as a postemergence spray on [INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall fescue selections. See the label booklet for application instructions, rate recommendations, weeds controlled and proper growth stage of weeds.

When applied postemergence, this product will control or suppress the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, downy brome, cheatgrass, chickweed, pennycress, fleabane, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, wild oat, dandelion, quackgrass, and Canada thistle. See the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled or suppressed.

NOTE: The recommended rate for this use will limit the level of control of certain species of weeds.

NOTE: Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under stress conditions.

#### Timing Of Applications

Applications can be made 6 weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the Fall until onset of dormancy and in the Spring after dormancy break until 60 days prior to harvest.

Avoid spraying during or within two weeks after periods when air temperatures fall below 25°F.

Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

**NOTE:** Only two applications per crop growth cycle may be made to any one site. If two applications are required, only one Fall and one Spring application may be made during one 12 month cycle.

B. [INSERT BRAND NAME] HERBICIDE AND TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS, INCLUDING RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY, SUBSTATIONS, AIRPORTS, INDUSTRIAL PLANTS, ROADSIDES, STORAGE AREAS AND SIMILAR SITES

Do not allow spray mixtures of this herbicide to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since injury or destruction may occur. Do not apply when wind or other conditions favor drift.

See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for rate recommendations. For difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal, 5 to 10 quarts per acre of this product may be used for improved results.

# TANK MIXTURES

This product provides control of the emerged weeds listed in the label booklet. When applied as a tank mixture, the following herbicides will provide preemergence and/or postemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

The following list of products may be tank mixed with this product. Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mixture with these products.

	•		
Tank-mix Product	Rate per Acre		
Arsenal <sup>TM</sup>	0.5 to 4 pints		
Banvel	1 to 4 pints		
2,4-D	0.5 to 1 pound		
Garlon <sup>™</sup> 3A	I to 6 pints		
Garlon 4	. I to 6 pints		
Diuron	4 to 8 pounds		
Diuron + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound		
Diuron + Garlon 3A	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Diuron + Garlon 4	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Hyvar <sup>™</sup> X	4 to 8 pounds		
Hyvar X + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound		
Hyvar X + Garlon 3A	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Hyvar X + Garlon 4	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Krovar™ I DF	4 to 6 pounds		
Krovar I DF + 2,4-D	4 to 6 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound		
Krovar I DF + Garlon 3A	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Krovar I DF + Garlon 4	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Oust <sup>TM</sup>	2 to 6 ounces		
Oust + 2,4-D	2 to 6 ounces + 0.5 to 1 pound		
Oust + Garlon 3A	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints		
Oust + Garlon 4	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints		
Spike <sup>™</sup> 80W	2 to 5 pounds		
Spike 80W + 2,4-D	2 to 5 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound		
Spike 80W + Garlon 3A	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
Spike 80W + Garlon 4	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints		
•			

<sup>\*</sup>Arsenal is not approved for use in the state of California.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific non-crop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, recommended use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Maintain good agitation at all times during the mixing process. Ensure that the tank-mix products are well mixed with the spray solution before adding this product.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that can be used during the same day. Tank mixtures allowed to stand overnight may result in reduced weed control.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

When used in combination as recommended by Monsanto Company, the liability of Monsanto shall in no manner extend to any damage, loss or injury not solely and directly caused by the inclusion of the Monsanto product in such combination use.

Read "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using this product. Those terms apply to this supplemental labeling and, if those terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

# C. AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN CALIFORNIA

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- 1. Prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops
- 2. Aid to burning for establishment and maintenance of fuel breaks
- Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
- 4. Aid to prescribed burning
- Along fire roads
- Range conversion
- 7. Habitat restoration and management
- 8. Wildlife food plots

Apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product in 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre using aerial (helicopter only) applications.

To broaden the spectrum of control, Garlon™ 4 may be tank mixed with this product at the rate of 0.5 to 2 quarts per acre. The rate of Garlon should not exceed 1/2 the rate of this product (e.g. 1 quart of Garlon to 2 quarts of this product) for best results.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH WILL ALLOW DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>TM</sup>Arsenal is a trademark of American Cyanamid Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>TM</sup>Banvel is a trademark of Sandoz Crop Protection Corporation.

<sup>™</sup>Garlon and Spike are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences LLC

TM Hyvar, Krovar and Oust are trademarks of E. I duPont de Nemours and Company.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within a minimum of 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- 4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
- APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NONRESIDENTIAL AREAS.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaking, uneven, or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using this product. Those terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if those terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

Garlon™ is a trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

# GLY-41 Herbicide

#### COMPLETE DIRECTIONS FOR USE

EPA Reg. No. 524-475

Herbicide for ground and aerial application to remove undesirable vegetation in non-agricultural sites

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

# Refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. IT IS INTENDED THAT REPACKAGING BE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH A MONSANTO REPACKAGING OR TOLL REPACKAGING AGREEMENT.

Non-refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING.

# **INGREDIENTS**

# 

\*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

# IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

1. FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE.

1-800-332-3111

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT,

(314)-694-4000

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>					
HOT LINE						
NUMBER	_					
Have the	•					
product						
container or						
label with you						
when calling a						
poison control						
center or doctor,						
or going for						
treatment. This						
product is						
identified as						
GLY-	• .					
41Herbicide,						
EPA						
Registration No.						
524-475. You	•					
may also	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
contact (314)						
694-4000,						
collect day or						
night, for						

emergency
medical
treatment
information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

# Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

# User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

### Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

# Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX. STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE APPLICATIONS TO REMOVE UNDESIRABLE VEGETATION IN NON-AGRICULTURAL SITES

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

**Note:** This product is for use on plants in non-crop and non-timber areas only. Not for use on crops, timber, or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

# Container Label Statements:

# (FOR REFILLABLE PORTABLE CONTAINERS)

Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid Monsanto Repackaging or Toll Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

# (FOR BULK CONTAINERS)

Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a manner approved by state and local authorities.

# (FOR PLASTIC 1-WAY CONTAINERS & BOTTLES)

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

# (FOR DRUMS)

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanto container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: The combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

#### MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

# Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product and any spray additives near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

#### Surfactants

Surfactants that are specified for use with herbicides may be used to improve wetting of foliage. The addition of surfactants may improve the consistency of weed control, but application rates of this product should not be reduced when added surfactants are used. Read and carefully observe surfactant rates, cautionary statements, and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

# APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Ground Broadcast Spray-Boom or boomless systems and other ground broadcast equipment.

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For control of annual or perennial weeds using broadcast equipment, use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of total spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for distribution of spray droplets.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment--Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this product label.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

# Spray Solution

# Amount of GLY-41 Herbicide

Desired Volume							
	1/2%	1%	1 1/2%	2%	5%	10%	•
1 gal	2/3 oz	. 1-1/3 oz	2 oz	2-2/3 oz	6-1/2 oz	13 oz	
25 gal	1 pt	l qt	1-1/2 qt	2 qt	5 qt	IO qt	
100 gal	2 qt	l gai	1-1/2 gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal	

### 2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

# Aerial Application Equipment -- Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 2 to 15 gallons of total spray volume per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

# **AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- 1. The distance of the outermost noezles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

# Importance of droplet size

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The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label).

# Controlling droplet size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

# Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

# Temperature inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions.

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Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

# APPLICATION SITES, TIMING AND RATES

**Application Sites** — This product may be used as recommended for:

- Control of undesired annual and perennial herbaceous weeds in non-cropped rangelands.
- Control of undesired woody brush and small trees.
- · Aid to burning treatment to establish and maintain fuel breaks, fire perimeters, and black lines.
- Along roads and utility rights-of-way.
- Around industrial sites, parking, buildings, fencing, etc.

# **Application Techniques**

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed area.

Reduced control may result when treating weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds. Repeat treatments may be made up to an annual maximum of 10.6 quarts of this product per acre.

For difficult to control perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, where plants are growing under stressed conditions, or where infestations are dense, this product may be used at 5 to 6 quarts per acre for enhanced results.

# Application Timing and Rates

Annual Weeds. Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small.

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Apply this product as a broadcast spray or spot treatment when plants are actively growing. Best results are obtained when application is made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at a high moisture content and flowering.

Use I quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height or runner length and 1.5 quarts to 4 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches in height or runner length or when weeds are growing under stressed conditions.

For spray-to-wet applications, apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or for smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions, use a 1 to 2 percent solution. Use the higher rate for tough-to-control species or for weeds over 24 inches tall.

See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED - ANNUAL WEEDS" section of the label for a detailed listing of weeds controlled by this product.

<u>Perennial Weeds.</u> Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). For non-flowering plants, best results are obtained when the plants reach a mature stage of growth. In many situations, treatments are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use the higher application rate within the recommended range.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed spot treatments, apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED - PERENNIAL WEEDS" section of the label for more detailed recommendations on specific weeds.

Woody Brush and Trees. Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED - WOODY BRUSH AND TREES" section of the label for more detailed recommendations on specific weeds.

In and areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed-spray spot treatments, apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before mowing or removal. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Refer to the following tables for information on specific weed species and for recommended rates for the control of specific perennial weeds and woody brush and trees.

#### Annual Weeds

Annoda, spurred Barnyardgrass\* Bittercress\* Black nightshade\*

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Bluegrass, annual\*

Bluegrass. bulbous\*

Bassia, fivehook

Brome, downy\*

Brome, Japanese\*

Browntop panicum\*

Buttercup\*

Carolina foxtail\*

Carolina geranium

Castor bean

Cheatgrass\*

Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)

Chervil\*

Chickweed\*

Cocklebur\*

Copperleaf, hophombeam

Corn speedwell\*

Crabgrass\*

Dwarfdandelion\*

Eastern mannagrass\*

Eclipta\*

Fall panicum\*

Falsedandelion\*

Falseflax, smallseed\*

Fiddleneck

Field pennycress\*

Filaree

Fleabane, annual\*

Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)\*

Fleabane, rough\*

Florida pusley

Foxtail\*

Goatgrass, jointed\*

Goosegrass

Groundsel, common\*

Hemp sesbania

Henbit

Horseweed/Marestail (Conyza canadensis)

Itchgrass\*

Johnsongrass, seedling

Junglerice

Knotweed

Kochia

Lamb's-quarters\*

London rocket\*

Mayweed

Medusahead\*

Morningglory (Ipomoea spp)

Mustard, blue\*

Mustard, tansy\*

Mustard, tumble\*

Mustard, wild\*

Oats

Pigweed\*

Plains/Tickseed coreopsis\*

Prickly lettuce\*

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Puncturevine Purslane, common Ragweed, common\* Ragweed, giant Russian thistle Ryegrass\* Sandbur, field\* Shattercane\* Shepherd's-purse\* Sicklepod Signalgrass, broadleaf\* Smartweed, ladysthumb\* Smartweed, Pennsylvania\* Sowthistle, annual Spanishneedles Speedwell, purslane\* Sprangletop\* Spurge, annual Spurge, prostrate\* Spurge, spotted\* Spurry, umbrella\* Starthistle, yellow Stinkgrass\* Tenweed/ Prickly sida Tex... panicum\* Velvetleaf Virginia copperleaf Virginia pepperweed\* Witchgrass\* Woolly cupgrass\* Yellow rocket

#### Perennial Weeds

	Rate (QT/A)	Hand-Held % Solution		
Alfaifa*	1	2		•
Alligatorweed*	4	1.5		
Anise (fennel)	2 - 4	1 - 2		
Bahiagrass	3 - 5	2		
Beachgrass, European (Ammophila arenaria)		5		
Bentgrass*	1.5	2		
Bermudagrass	5	2		•
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1.5	2		
Bindweed, field	4 - 5	2		
Bluegrass, Kentucky	. 2	2	•	•
Blueweed, Texas	4 - 5	2		
Brackenfern	3 - 4	1-1.5		- 20
Bromegrass, smooth	2	2 .		700
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<sup>\*</sup>When using field broadcast equipment (aerial applications or boom sprayers using flat-fan nozzles) these species will be controlled or partially controlled using 1 pint of this product per acre. Applications must be made using 2 to 10 gallons of spray volume per acre. Use nozzles that ensure thorough coverage of foliage and treat when weeds are in an early growth stage.

Bursage, woolly-leaf	•	2	
Canarygrass, reed	2 - 3	2	
Cattail	3 - 5	2	
Clover; red, white	3 - 5	2	
Cogongrass	3 - 5	2	
Dallisgrass	3 - 5	2 .	
Dandelion	3 - 5	2	•
Dock, curly	. 3 - 5	2	
Dogbane, hemp	4	2	
Fescue (except tall)	3 - 5	2	
Fescue, tall	. 1 - 3	2	
German ivy	2 - 4	i - 2	
Guineagrass	. 3	1	
Horsenettle	3 - 5	2	•
Horseradish	4	2	
lceplant	2 -	1.5-2	
Jerusalem artichoke	3 - 5	2	
Johnsongrass	2 - 3	Ŧ	
Kikuyugrass	. 2 - 3	2	
Knapweed	4	2	
Lantana		1-1.25	•
Lespedeza	3 - 5	2	
Milkweed, common	3	2	
Muhly, wirestem	2	2	
Mullein, common	3 - 5	2	
Napiergrass	3 - 5	2	
Nightshade, silverleaf	2	2	
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	3	1 - 2	•
Orchardgrass	. 2	2	
Pampasgrass	3 5	1.5-2	•
Paragrass	3 - 5	2	
Pepperweed, perennial	4	2	
Phragmites*	3 - 5	1 - 2	
Poison hemlock	2 - 4	1 - 2	•
Quackgrass	2 - 3	2	
Redvine*	2	2	
Reed, giant	. 4 - 5	2	
Ryegrass, perennial	2 - 3	1	
Smartweed, swamp	3 - 5	2 .	•
Spurge, leafy*		2	
Sweet potato, wild*	<b></b>	2	
Thistle, artichoke	2 - 3	1 - 2	
Thistle, Canada	2 - 3	2	
Timothy	2 - 3	2	
Torpedograss*	. 4 - 5	2	•
Trumpetcreeper*	2 - 3	2	
Vaseygrass	3 - 5	2	•
Velvetgrass	3 - 5	2	•
Wheatgrass, western	2 - 3	2	
*Partial control			

# Woody Brush and Trees

Rate   QUT / Sc Sulution		_		
Ash*				
Ash*				
Aspen, quaking				•
Bearchover (Bearmat)*				•
Berch				
Birch				•
Blackgum				
Blackgum				
Bracken Broom, French, Scotch Buckwheat, California* 2 - 4 1 - 2 Cascara* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Cascara* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Catsclaw* -	•			•
Broom, French, Scotich   2 - 5   1 - 5     Buckwheat, California*   2 - 4   1 - 2     Cascara*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Castclaw*   -   11 - 5     Cascarbus*   -   12 - 5     Chamise*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Chamise*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Chamise*   2 - 5   1     Cherry, bitter, black, pin   2 - 3   1 - 1.5     Coyote brush   3 - 4   1 - 5     Degwood*   2 - 5   1     Degwood*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Elderberry   2   1     Elm*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Eucalyptus   -   2    Gorse*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Hasardia*   2 - 4   1 - 2     Havendom   2 - 3   1 - 1.5     Hazel   2   1     Hickory*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Honeysuckle   3 - 4   1 - 1.5     Hombeam, American*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Madrone resprouts*   -   2     Manganita*   2 - 4   1 - 1.5     Maple, sugar   -   1 - 1.5     Oak, sorthern, pin   2 - 4   1 - 1.5     Oak, sorthern pin   2 - 4   1 - 1.5     Oak, sorthern pin   2 - 4   1 - 1.5     Oak, sorthern ted   2 - 3   1 - 1.5     Perpertree, Brazitian (Florida holly)*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Persimmon*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Poison oak   4 - 5   2     Poplar, yellow*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Russian olive*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Russian olive*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Russian olive*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Sage, Malic*   2 - 4   1 - 2     Sage, White*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Russian olive*   2 - 5   1 - 2     Sage, White*   2 - 4   1 - 2     Sage, White*   2 - 4   1 - 2     Sage, Malic*				•
Buckwheat. California* Cascara* Cascarara* Cascaraara* Cascaraara* Cascaraaraa* Cascaraaraara* Cascaraaraaraaraaraaraaraaraaraaraaraaraara				
Cascara* Catsclaw* Catsclaw* Canothus* 2 - 5				
Castolaw* Ceanothus* Ceanothus* Ceanothus* 2 - 5				
Canothus*		2 - 5		
Charmise* Cherry, bitter, black, pin Coyote brush Coyote brush Derweed Degwood* 2 - 5				
Cherry, bitter, black. pin   2 - 3				
Coyote brush Deerweed Desweed 2 - 5				
Derweed   2 - 5				
Dogwood*				
Elderberry Elm* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Eucalyptus - 2  Gorse* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Hasardia* 2 - 4 1 - 2 Hawthorn 2 - 3 1 - 1.5 Hazel 2 1 Hickory* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Honeysuckle 3 - 4 1 - 1.5 Homebarn, American* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Kudzu 4 2 Locust, black* 4 1 - 2 Madrone resprouts* - 2 Manzanita* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Maple, red 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Maple, red 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Maple, sugar - 1 - 1.5 Maple, sugar - 1 - 1.5 Monkey flower* 2 - 4 1 - 2 Oak, black, white* 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak, conthem, pin 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak, conthem, pin 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak, scrub* 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak, southern red 2 - 3 1 - 1.5 Oak, southern red 2 - 3 1 - 1.5 Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Persimmon* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Poison oak 4 - 5 2 Poison oak 4 - 5 2 Poison oak 4 - 5 2 Poplar, yellow* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Redoud, easterh 2 - 5 1 - 2 Redoud, easterh 2 - 5 1 - 2 Rage, black 2 - 4 1 Russian olive* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Sage, black 2 - 4 1 Sage, white* 2 - 4 1 Sage, wh			·	
Elm*				
Corse*   2-5   1-2     Hasardia*   2-4   1-2     Hawthorn   2-3   1-1.5     Hazel   2   1     Hickory*   2-5   1-2     Honeysuckle   3-4   1-1.5     Hombeam, American*   2-5   1-2     Hombeam, American*   2-5   1-2     Locust, black*   2-4   1-2     Madrone resprouts*   2-5   1-2     Maple, red   2-4   1-1.5     Maple, sugar   1-1.5     Maple, sugar   1-1.5     Monkey flower*   2-4   1-2     Oak, post   3-4   1-1.5     Oak, conthem, pin   2-4   1-1.5     Oak, sorub*   2-4   1-1.5     Oak, southern red   2-3   1-1.5     Oak, southern red   2-5   1-2     Persimmon*   2-5   1-2     Poison ivy   4-5   2     Poison oak   4-5   2     Poplar, yellow*   2-5   1-2     Redbud, eastern   2-5   1-2     Redbud, eastern   2-5   1-2     Russian olive*   2-4   1     Russian olive*   2-5   1-2     Sage, white*   2-4   1     Sage, white*   2-4     Sage, white*   2-4     Sage, white*   2-4				
Gorse*		2 - 5		
Hasardia*	Eucalyptus		2	
Hawthorn Hazel  Hickory*  Honeysuckle  Hombeam, American*  Locust, black*  Madrone resprouts*  Manzanita*  2 - 4  Maple, sugar  Monkey flower*  Oak; black, white*  Oak; northern, pin  Oak, Scrub*  Oak, Scrub*  Perpertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*  Persimmon*  Pine  2 - 5  Poison oak  Poplar, yellow*  Rose, multiflora  Russian olive*  Sage, black  Sage, white*  2 - 5  1 - 1  1 - 1  1 - 1  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 1  1 - 2  1 - 2  1 - 2  2 - 3  1 - 1  2 - 3  1 - 1  2 - 5  1 - 2  2 - 7  2 - 7  3 - 7  4 - 7  4 - 7  5 - 7  6	Gorse*	2 - 5	1 - 2	
Hazel Hickory* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Honeysuckle Hombeam, American* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Kudzu Locust, black* 4 2 Locust, black* ————————————————————————————————————	Hasardia*	2 - 4	1 - 2	,
Hickory* Honeysuckle Hombeam, American*  Kudzu Locust, black* Locust, black*  Madrone resprouts*  Manzanita*  Maple, red Maple, sugar  Monkey flower*  Oak; black, white*  Oak, post Oak; northern, pin Oak, Scrub*  Oak; Scrub*  Oak; Southern red Perpertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)* Persimmon* Pine Poison ivy Poison oak Poplar, yellow* Rose, multiflora Rose, multiflora Russian olive*  Sage, black Sage, white*  2 - 5 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 2 - 3 2 - 3 3	Hawthorn	2 - 3	1-1.5	
Honeysuckle 3 - 4 1-1.5 Hombeam, American* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Kudzu 4 2 Locust, black* 2 - 4 1 - 2 Madrone resprouts* 2 Manzanita* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Maple, red 2 - 4 1-1.5 Maple, sugar 1-1.5 Monkey flower* 2 - 4 1 - 2 Oak; black, white* 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak; northern, pin 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak; northern pin 2 - 4 1 - 1.5 Oak; southern red 2 - 3 1 - 1.5 Oak; southern red 2 - 3 1 - 1.5 Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Persimmon* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Pine 2 - 5 1 - 2 Poison ivy 4 - 5 2 Poison oak 4 - 5 2 Poplar, yellow* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Redbud, easterh 2 - 5 1 - 2 Rose, multiflora 2 1 Russian olive* 2 - 5 1 - 2 Sage, black 2 - 4 1 - 2 Sage, white* 2 - 4 1 - 2	Hazel	2	1	
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Kudzu       4       2         Locust, black*       2 - 4       1 - 2         Madrone resprouts*        2         Manzanita*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Maple, red       2 - 4       1 - 1.5         Maple, sugar        1 - 1.5         Monkey flower*       2 - 4       1 - 2         Oak; black, white*       2 - 4       1 - 2         Oak, post       3 - 4       1 - 1.5         Oak; northem, pin       2 - 4       1 - 1.5         Oak; southern red       2 - 3       1 - 1.5         Oak; southern red       2 - 3       1 - 1.5         Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Persimmon*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Poison ivy       4 - 5       2         Poison oak       4 - 5       2         Poplar, yellow*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Rose, multiflora       2 - 1       1         Russian olive*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Sage, black       2 - 4       1 - 2         Sage, white*       2 - 4       1 - 2		2 - 5	1 - 2	
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Redbud, eastern       2 - 5       1 - 2         Rose, multiflora       2       1         Russian olive*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Sage, black       2 - 4       1         Sage, white*       2 - 4       1 - 2				
Rose, multiflora       2       1         Russian olive*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Sage, black       2 - 4       1         Sage, white*       2 - 4       1 - 2	• • •			
Russian olive*       2 - 5       1 - 2         Sage, black       2 - 4       1         Sage, white*       2 - 4       1 - 2				
Sage, black 2 - 4 1 2 202 Sage, white* 2 - 4 1 - 2				
				- 20
			-	702

Sage brush, California	2 - 4	1
Salmonberry .	2	1
Saltcedar*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Sassafras*	. 2 - 5	1 - 2
Sourwood*	. 2 - 5	1 - 2
Sumac; laurel, poison, smooth, sugarbush, winged*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Sweetgum	2 - 3	1-1.5
Swordfern*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Tallowtree, Chinese		1
Tan oak resprouts*	·	2 -
Thimbleberry	2	1.
Tobacco, tree*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Toyon*	-	2
Trumpetcreeper	2 - 3	1-1.5
Vine maple*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Virginia creeper	2 - 5	1 - 2
Waxmyrtle, southern*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Willow	3	1
Yerbasenia*	-	22

<sup>\*</sup>Partial control

# LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Monsanto Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF

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SUCH QUANTITY. IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

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Page 15 of 15 2-Aug-2002



MONSARTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

June 3, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Amended Master Label - EPA Reg. Number 524-475

Notification of new Brand name: Gly 41 Herbicide

# Dear Mr. Tompkins:

On 31-Oct-2001, EPA approved the reformatting of the labels associated with EPA Reg. No. 524-475 into a Master Label format. At this time, Monsanto wishes to request certain specific changes to that approved Master Label. I herein submit 3 copies of clean unmarked text and 1 copy of a text marked to highlight the desired changes that Monsanto now requests from previously approved text. Deleted text is indicated by strikethrough and added text by double underlining. The "marked" and "unmarked" versions are so indicated in the footnote.

The principal changes are the following two:

Notify a new Brand Name: Gly 41 Herbicide

• Incorporate a "Part V - Main Label for Brush Control". (Note: This new Part is not Marked as a change for easier reading). The proposed text is identical to that which has been approved for EPA Reg. No. 524-308 in conjunction with the Fuete Herbicide product. It is designed for non-agricultural brush control situations that are explicitly outside the scope of WPS. The intent is to migrate the Fuete Herbicide use to Gly 41 when all arrangements can be completed.

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In conjunction with the above actions, we have taken the opportunity to make other updates that have been enacted with other Roundup products over the last year, in order to keep this label text current. They include:

- Delete text on p. 2 and 87 that duplicates that on p 6 and 90 of 135.
- Delete most California-specific statements (ie., p. 19, and 25 of 135). CDPR now accepts the statement in mid-page 2 in place of specific notes.
- Clarifying or advisory wording changes on p. 16, 26, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 37, and 43 of 135.
- Inclusion of the grass pasture and non-grass animal feed scope expansion associated with PP 0F6130 (pages 37 – 40 of 135; 72 – 73 of 135; 103 of 135). This language was proposed as part of an amended Section B on 9-Jan-2002, and is duplicated here so that when this Master Label is approved, it will not supercede the language included in PP 0F6130.
- Inclusion of California requested note about Roundup Ready Canola and Soybean status in that state (Pages 42 and 46 of 135).
- Reformat Woody Brush and Trees Rate Table (Page 64 67 of 135). Remove Water Gallonage column in favor of a single sentence at the top of page 64. Use an asterisk to denote "Partial Control" species rather than the Comments column. These changes facilitate the printing of the table legibly in a narrow booklet format.
- Add new supplemental labels (Part II.O and II.P, page 70 and 82 86 of 135). These were approved for Roundup UltraMAX on 11-April-2002.
- Replace "MON 46598" with the currect brand name "Aim Herbicide" on page 74 of 135.4
- Revise format of California Aerial Supplemental regarding maximum quanties applied by air for better clarity as on other products (Page 75 76 of 135).

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-783-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten
Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

Ultra Master revisions.doc

Please read instructions on	reverse before completin	g form.		Form Approved.	OMB No. 2070-	0060	·
<b>\$EPA</b>	Environmental F	red States Protection A ton, DC 20460	lgency		Registratio Amendme Other	n °	PP Identifier Number
	A	pplication f	or Pesticid	le - Section	Ī .		
Company/Product Numbe     Company/Product (Name)	524-475		2. EPA P	roduct Manager James Tompk 25			sed Classification  ne Restricted
Washington, DC	ny t, N.W., Suite 6	560	(b)(i), m to: EPA R Produc	y product is simeg. No			FRA Section 3(c)(3) osition and labeling
			Section - II	<u> </u>			
Amendment - Explain Resubmission in resp Notification - Explain	ponse to Agency letter da	sted	 	Final printed labe Agency letter dat "Me Too" Application of the Printer of the P	ted ation.	<del></del>	
Explanation: Use addition Amended Master				·			
		S	ection - II	l			
1, Material This Product Wil	il Be Packaged In:						
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No * Certification must be submitted		No. per	Yes No "Yes" ackage wgt	No. per container	Pi G Pr	tainer letel astic less sper ther (Spec	cify)
3. Location of Net Contents	Information 4.	. Size(s) Retail Co	ntainer	5. Lo	On Label D On Label On Labeling		nying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled							
·		s	ection - IV	/			
1. Contact Point	items directly below for	identification of	individual to be	contacted, if nec	essery, to מרכית מ	s this ap	clication.)
Name Dr. Marsha (	Gray	Tide Pro	duct Regi:	stration Ma		202)	o. (include Area Code) 783-2460
Certification  I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complets.  I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.  6. Date Application  7. deceived  (Stamped)							
2. Signature	Minute	3. Tit		er, Registr	ations		3.07
4. Typod Name Stepher	n J. Wratten, Ph	5. Da	te . Ji	une 3, 2002			

# PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Weshington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, end use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, atc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [if not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4):
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted:
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, tisted in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections 1, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION 1 - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registered, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager II known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other posticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that partains to a <u>specific EPA-registered product</u>. This section is <u>not to be</u> used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Chack the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments

- 1. Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types, indicate the size up the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Contuitiar Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indiceto the location of the net contents information for your product,
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Salf-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.